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Hardware,
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Victoria Daily Times.

His Precision
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The four P's Prove That
C. E. JONES,
34 Gov't St.,
Should be your Pharmacist.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 23, 1893. NO. 45.

Something New.

As the unfavorable state of the weather has prevented many people from getting out, we will continue until the end of the month our Special Sale of Silverware and Clocks at 30 per cent. off, as well as the additional line of

Diamonds,
Gold and Silver Watches,
And Fine Jewellery,
At 20 per cent. off.

These are all new and well assorted goods and at the regular price are bargains. Taken now they are at a price with which none can compete, and all goods sold by us are guaranteed to be exactly as represented.

Challoner & Mitchell,

Next door to Kerr & Begg's. 47 Government St.,

ALL FINE GOODS MANUFACTURED ON THE PREMISES. THE MOST DIFFICULT WATCH REPAIRS CAREFULLY ATTENDED TO AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.

BEST
Northfield Coal.

Everyone can get the Best Coal in quantity AT PORTER'S WHARF. Apply to Capt. E. McCoskrie, or Jasper P. Birch, agent on the wharf, Telephone 46.

PRICE---$7 per Ton, delivered to any part of the City. Full weight guaranteed.

Orders left at Capt. Clark's, Telephone No. 110; or at J. Haggarty's, 204 Yates Street.

DULUTH

THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.
The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up
The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.

PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.

TERMS---One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months
Interest on deferred payments.
For particulars apply to
F. G. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

TROUT LAKE CITY
WEST KOOTENAY, B. C.

THE ABOVE TOWNSITE will be placed on the market shortly. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The owners intend to expend money on streets and other improvements in the Spring. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The first 100 Lots will be sold for $200 for corners, $150 inside.

For further particulars apply to C. E. PERRY & Co., at the Head Office, NELSON, B.C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

WANAMAKER'S LOSSES.

Philadelphia's Millionaire Suffered Heavily by the Decline of the Reading.

Irish Stocks Much Depressed---Terrible Accident at a Masonic Meeting.

Whiskey Trust Investigation---How a Notorious Robber Turned Over a New Leaf.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—It was reported in this city yesterday that John Wanamaker had lost $2,000,000 in the Reading crisis. Henry Clews said: Mr. Wanamaker lost money no doubt, but no such amount as $2,000,000. The facts of the case are these: Reading was largely owned by Philadelphia people. Just how much stock Mr. Wanamaker held cannot be ascertained, but it is known that he has been a large holder. The Philadelphia people knew that the crash was coming, and they prepared for it as much as possible. I doubt if there is any considerable amount of Reading stock held in Philadelphia to-day. Between the time stock was rated from 57 down to 48 the Philadelphia holders deluged the market with their own stock in order to protect themselves. Even disposing of stock at those prices Mr. Wanamaker has undoubtedly been a heavy loser, but nothing in comparison with what he would have been had he continued holding the stock. The persons who have been "bitten" in this "drop" are the New Yorkers. Mr. Wanamaker is a shrewd business man and you may be assured that he would prepare for as possible for the crash. The future of Reading stock is of much interest to business men now." Russell Sage did not think it possible that Mr. Wanamaker could have lost $2,000,000. "There is no doubt," he said, "that he was a loser by the Reading crash, for everybody knew that he was a large holder of Reading, but when people talk about $2,000,000 in losses they are exaggerating. He may have lost a couple of hundred thousand, but I believe that is the limit. There was a tremendous drop in the stock, just as I predicted there would be."

Died on His Father's Sword.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Victor Thourard, a Frenchman, thirty-five years old, who lived with his wife and mother at 30 Leonard street, Greenpoint, committed suicide by throwing himself upon a sword yesterday morning. Thourard came to this country about one year ago with his wife and mother. He found employment, which he lost three months ago. He became despondent and often said he wished that he was in France among his friends. He had no friends in this country to whom he could look for assistance. Among the possessions of the family was the sword which Thourard's father carried through the Franco-Prussian war. This they prized highly. Thourard took the sword from the wall yesterday, placed the hilt against the floor, and after placing the point between his ribs threw his weight upon it. It pierced his heart and killed him instantly. His wife and mother heard him fall and ran to his side. Dr. D. G. Salton was hastily called. He saw that the man was dead and drew the sword from the body.

Wind River Reserve.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Feb. 23.—The attempt to make a treaty with the Indians of the Wind River reservation of Fremont county for a considerable strip of land suitable for settlers, has failed. Gen. Meldrum, one of the commissioners, returned here to-night. On the first day, 150 of the head men of the Arapahoes and Shoshones gathered in the school house to meet the representatives of the Government. After the first talk, the Indians required eleven sleeps to fix upon a proposition. At the end of that time, Sharp Nose submitted an offer to sell the northern half of the reservation, which is mostly barren prairie and bad lands. He said all had agreed upon this. He was contradicted by Togeete, an Indian policeman and nephew of Washakie, and by a Shoshone chief. A row that broke up the meeting followed. Meldrum says the failure was due to the interference of white men enjoying certain privileges, and that they influenced the Arapahoes. Frank P. Sterling, of Helena, was chairman of the commission. The reservation has 2,000,000 acres and there would be a rush of settlers if part of it could be opened.

Alleged Sword of Cortes.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 23.—A. G. Cattera, a prominent mining man from Monterey, Mexico, arrived here yesterday. He brought with him what he says is a valuable and interesting relic of the days of the conquest of Mexico by the Spanish in 1520. This is the sword of Hernando Cortes, the conqueror of Montezuma and murderer of Guatemozin. From this sword some idea can be gained of the strength of the invaders. The weapon is 41½ inches long, and the blade is very wide. The hilt is strong and massive and was made for the use of both hands. Mr. Cattera brought the sword for the purpose of having it replated, but he could not have the work done to his satisfaction, and accordingly will take it back with him in its original state.

ROMANCE OF A ROBBER.

How a Texas Tough Reformed and Became a White Man.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Feb. 23.—Bud Powell, alias Thompson, who pleaded guilty before Judge Maxey, of the federal court at Austin yesterday, to a charge of train robbery, has been confined in jail here during the past six months. He with five others of the most desperate men in southwest Texas, held up a Southern Pacific train near Flatonia, east of here, in 1887, robbing the Wells Fargo Express of $35,000, besides securing a large amount of money and valuables from the passengers. Four of the robbers have since been killed while resisting arrest. The only one of them yet sentenced for the crime is "Bill" Reeves, who is serving a life sentence in the Detroit house of correction.

Powell proceeded immediately to Montana after the robbery, gambling all his ill-gotten wealth away on the journey. Arriving at Helena, Mont., he determined to better his ways. He entered a business college there from which he was graduated with high honor, then joined a church and became a good worker. Three years ago he became superintendent of an extensive ranch near Border City, Mont. He went under the name of Charles Thompson, and became the accepted suitor of the daughter of his employer.

A few days before the date of the proposed marriage, United States Marshal Frick got on his track and arrested him. This was six months ago. Powell has been a model man during his confinement here and says he is determined to live a Christian life. The wealthy ranchman's daughter to whom he is betrothed is true to the prisoner, visiting him regularly.

Sentence is to be passed upon prisoner next Saturday. It is expected that he will get off lightly.

Described as Frightful.

HALIFAX, N.S., Feb. 23.—The overdue Allan Line steamers Nestorian and Mongolian reached here at nine o'clock this morning, after very tempestuous passages. The Nestorian was twenty days on the voyage, which her officers said it was a frightful one. Hugh seas continuously swept the decks, carrying away the ventilators and skylights and doing other damage. Four of the crew were injured, being knocked down by seas, and one had his collar bone broken. One sea which came aboard struck the bridge and nearly carried off the first officer, who was on it at the time, and was washed to one end and badly bruised. The Mongolian received but slight damages about the deck. While docking her here one of the winches broke and the end of a hawser struck one of the crew on the head and fractured his skull.

Investigating the Whiskey Trust.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Felix McCloskey, one of the assistants of the sergeant-at-arms of the national house of representatives, came to this city on Tuesday with a bundle of subpœnas for persons likely to be able to prove interesting witnesses before the committee which is investigating the Whiskey Trust. As a result of his visit, a number of travellers from this city are bound for Washington to appear before the committee to-day. An interesting fact is that the Sugar Trust would be well represented among the witnesses; its treasurer, John E. Searls, jr., being one of those upon whom subpœnas were served. Jas. R. Keene is another witness the committee was anxious to examine. L. Terrell, vice-president of the American Distributing Company, which handles the Whiskey Trust's products, was a third on the list. The committee is desirous of looking into some recent doings of the stock market and investigating the speculation attending the big slump in whiskey certificates.

Bronx Park Botanic Garden.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—J. Pierpont Morgan has raised $175,000 toward the $250,000 necessary for purchase of land in Bronx park for a botanic garden, he is trying to get ten gentlemen to subscribe $25,000 each. Those who have already subscribed are Cornelius Vanderbilt, C. D. Mills, John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie, Judge Addison Brown, of Columbia college, and Mr. Morgan. At a meeting held on Tuesday in Mr. Morgan's office in Wall street, it was announced that an effort will be made to increase the sum to a round million by subscriptions. By a provision of the legislative act the city is to issue $5,000,000 in bonds to be applied to the purchase of the garden.

The Floor Collapsed.

TORONTO, Feb. 23.—During the Masonic entertainment last evening in Oddfellows' Hall at Weston, ten miles from here, the floor suddenly collapsed and a hundred persons were precipitated to the lower floor. Several sustained serious injuries, among them, W. Forsyth, leg broken; Rev. John Locke, leg broken; Dr. Pearson, leg broken; Mrs. Fryers, shoulder broken. A woman whose name was not learned was seriously injured internally, and may not recover.

BEHRING SEA COMMISSION.

Meeting of the Arbitrators in Paris To-day for Preliminary Business.

Sir John Thompson Absent—Hon. Edward Blake Delivers an Address at Stockport.

Exciting Times Aboard the Nestorian and Mongolian Crossing the Atlantic.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—Even in the midst of the Panama revelations the Parisians have found time to take considerable interest in the Behring Sea arbitration, which was begun to-day, and will continue at intevals for several weeks. Since the famous negotiations between England and the United States in the Alabama case, which terminated in an award of fifteen million dollars in favor of the American Government, no international conference, save possibly the Congress of Berlin in 1878, has awakened anything like the widespread interest in the present event.

The American colonists and the British residents are, of course, following the proceedings with more interest than the inhabitants of the French capital, but the Parisian press has reflected the interest always manifested by the French people in American affairs by devoting more space to the negotiations than is usually given up to an event not of local interest.

At the hour of meeting this morning the representatives of the two interested countries and the neutral arbitrators all responded to the roll. The work of organization occupied the morning session, and it is probable that the business of the conference will not be well under way before the middle of next week. Even after the delegates have got to work in earnest, much time will be occupied in reading the cases and counter cases already submitted by the two governments. It was in the filing of these papers last autumn that a difficulty arose which for a time promised to terminate in a serious rupture, and was only avoided by a very broad and liberal interpretation by the State Department at Washington of the treaty under which the proceedings are being held. This treaty, which was ratified last April, provided that within three months after the delivery on both sides of the printed cases, either party might in like manner deliver in duplicate to each of the arbitrators, and to the agent of the other party, a counter case and additional documents, and that if an extension of the time limit was required it should be applied for within thirty days after the filing of the original case.

An infraction of this latter condition on the part of the British Government was followed by a remonstrance from the American Government, but the difficulty was finally adjusted to the mutual satisfaction of the two parties.

The arbitrators chosen under the conditions of the treaty, are as follows: Justice John Harlan, of of the United States Supreme Court, and Senator John T. Morgan of Alabama, representing the United States; Lord Hannen and Sir John S. D. Thompson, Canadian Minister of Justice, representing Her Majesty's Government; together with Senator Baron de Courcelles of France, and Marquis Visconti Venosta of Italy, as neutral arbitrators. The counsel of the United States consists of Edward J. Phelps of Vermont, and Judge Henry W. Blodgett of Chicago. The British Government is represented by Mr. C. Robinson of Toronto, and Sir W. F. Cross, member of the British Parliament. Secretary of State Foster, of the United States, is acting as special agent for his government and Hon. C. H. Tupper for the Canadian government. The arbitration will cover the following points:

1. What exclusive jurisdiction in the sea known as the Behring Sea, and what exclusive right in the seal fisheries therein did Russia assert and exercise prior and up to the time of the session of Alaska to the United States?

2. How far were these claims of jurisdiction as to the seal fisheries recognized and conceded by Great Britain?

3. Was the body of water now known as Behring Sea included in the phrase "Pacific Ocean" as used in the treaty of 1825 between Great Britain and Russia, and what right, if any, in Behring Sea, was held and exclusively exercised by Russia, after said treaty?

4. Did not all the rights of Russia as to jurisdiction and as to the seal fisheries in Behring Sea, east of the water boundary, in the treaty between the United States and Russia of the 30th of March, 1867, pass unimpaired to the United States under that treaty?

5. Has the United States any right, and if so what right of protection of property in the fur seals frequenting the islands of the United States in Behring Sea, when such seals are found outside the ordinary three mile limit?

The Panama Affair.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—M. Franqueville, examining magistrate in the Panama case, questioned M. Vanilla and another contractor to-day concerning the sums received by them from the Canal company. Subsequently he visited the Procureur General and conferred with him for half an hour. It is reported that an important decision as to pressing the investigation was made. While M. Franqueville was with the Procureur General, Charles de Lesseps, who was committed to the assizes on February 7th by the Judicial chamber for having bribed public functionaries, was taken to the Palais de Justice for further examination. In consequence of M. Franqueville's continued absence, his examination was postponed and he was taken back to prison. M. Eiffel has been ill for the last three days. To-day he has been confined to his bed.

Early Locomotives.

TORONTO, Feb. 23.—A couple of rare old relics for the World's Fair passed throught Toronto Junction to-day, consisting of two of the first locomotives constructed in Europe. They were built in Durham, England, in 1837 and 1838, and came from France, where they were on exhibition. The British government has kept these locomotives since the Paris exhibition, and it was with difficulty that they were secured for the Chicago fair. They are of queer mechanism as compared with those at present in use, having vertical cylinders and connecting rods, with fire boxes and smoke boxes in front. The locomotives are accompanied by a tender and an old fashioned passenger coach upholstered in satin.

The New Panama Enterprise.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Word is expected to-day by the Panama railway officials in this city from their steamship San Marcos, which sailed for Panama on Feb. 15th, thus beginning the sailings of the new Colombian line which the Panama railway people hope will free them from Pacific Mail dependency. Gen. John Newton, president of the company, said yesterday that the outlook for the new company was very encouraging; contracts had already been made with many shippers, and next month a steamer will be run on the Pacific to San Francisco, thus finishing the connection with this city.

The Fistic Carnival.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 23.—The largest bet on the coming fight was made this morning. J. C. Humphrey, the California bookmaker, placing $25,000 on Dawson, even money. D. C. O'Malley took the Ryan end. The odds on the Hall-Fitzsimmons changed a little today, Hall advancing from 11 to 10 to even money, and Fitz going back from 7 to 10 to 4 to 5. "Billy" Madden arrived at Biloxi yesterday and will put the finishing touches to Goddard's training. Evan Lewis, who is matched to wrestle Roeber, arrived last night accompanied by Joe Choynski.

How Provost Died.

MONTREAL, Feb. 23.—Chief Benoit gives the only coherent statement as to how Capt. Provost of No. 14 station fell from the Mullins building during the recent fire. Provost had actually reached the ladder and was on the rungs and part of the way down. He had descended the length of more than one story, when a sudden burst of flame from the windows on the lower stories enveloped him. Then he lost his hold and rolled part way down the ladder, tumbling from it into the heap of snow.

Magnificent Bequest to Harvard.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 23.—At the Harvard annual dinner last night the statement was made that a wealthy merchant had left his entire estate, valued at between $2,000,000 and $4,000,000, to Harvard College. This statement was referred to President Eliot by a reporter last night, and he said he did not know anything about it; of course, he could not say it was not true; he earnestly hoped it might be true, but he was not able to verify the report.

Blake at Stockport.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—At Stockport last night Hon. Edward Blake addressed a meeting of several thousand people on behalf of Major Sharp Hume, the Liberal candidate. He had a most cordial reception and addressed a very eloquent appeal to the electors to support the Home Rule bill, which he predicted would confer untold blessings on both islands. Mr. Blake's speech strongly favored the retention of Irish members at Westminster.

For Abducting a Child.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Mrs. R. Leck, recently convicted for abducting 15-year-old Ivy Roche, was sentenced to the penitentiary for two years and six months by Judge Martin in the general sessions this morning. Harry Lawrence, alias Jacob Storms, with whom Ivy went to Yonkers, is shortly to be tried for rape and abduction.

Irish Stocks Depressed.

LONDON, Feb. 23.—The shares of Guinness, Son & Co., Limited, of Dublin, declined £11 a share in this market. The decline is believed to be a result of and in sympathy with the general fall of Irish securities on account of Home Rule prospects, and apprehensive feeling in commercial and financial circles.

The Bawnmore Disabled.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 23.—The English tramp steamer Bawnmore, from San Diego to Nanaimo, put into this port for repairs yesterday. While off Point Rails during a gale the air pump was broken, and it was deemed best not to try to make Nanaimo in that condition.

Open to the World.

MONTREAL, Feb. 23.—Sculptors all over the world are to be asked to submit designs for the Sir John A. Macdonald monument to be erected on Dominion square. This was decided at a meeting held yesterday afternoon of the design committee of the Macdonald memorial fund.

Spurious Lists.

PARIS, Feb. 23.—M. Andrieux, in a newspaper interview, denies that he purposes publishing a list of the 104 bribed deputies, and warns the public that many of the lists mentioned by others recently are spurious.

Rufus Hatch Dead.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—Rufus Hatch, the financier and millionaire, who has been ill for some time died at his residence at Spuyten Duyvel at 3 o'clock this afternoon. He was born at Kennebeckport, Maine, in 1833.

The Gisen Released.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 23.—The schooner Louis Olsen has been released on bonds, and sailed to day on a sealing expedition.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

The School Bill Passes Its Second Reading After a Short Discussion.

Hon. Mr. Baker Discusses Religious Instruction in the Public Schools.

SIXTEENTH DAY.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 22, 1892.

The Speaker took the chair at 2 o'clock. Prayers by Rev. C. Watson.

PETITIONS.

The petition of H. O. Bell-Irving, opposing the private bill to amend the Vancouver City Corporate Act was received.

REPORTS.

The private bills committee reported that the rules and orders had been complied with in connection with the following petitions: The Mount Tolmie and Cordova Bay Railway Co., the Chilliwhack Railway Co., and the Kaslo-Slocan Railway Co.

ANGLICAN SYNOD BILL.

Mr. Brown introduced a bill intituled an act to incorporate the Anglican Synod of the Diocese of New Westminster. The bill was read a first time.

WHETHAM COLLEGE.

Mr. Horne introduced an act to incorporate Whetham College. It was read a first time.

A RETURN WANTED.

Hon. Mr. Beaven moved that an order of the House be granted for a return showing the revenue collected at Ainsworth, Kootenay, under the different heads of receipt during the fiscal year 1891-92, and from 1st July to 31st December, 1892.

The motion was adopted.

TO PRESERVE THE ROADS.

Mr. Kitchen introduced a bill for the preservation of the public roads. The bill was read a first time.

CONSTITUTION AMENDMENT.

Mr. Kitchen introduced a bill to amend the constitution act. It was read a first time.

MORE RETURNS ASKED FOR.

Mr. Forster moved that a respectful address be presented to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, requesting him to cause to be laid before the House returns showing the business done in the different county courts of the province for the years 1889, 1890, 1891 and 1892; showing in each district, for each year respectively, the number of plaints issued, total amount claimed; number of garnishee summonses issued, total amount claimed; number of judgment summonses issued, total amount involved, number of chamber applications; number of Speedy Trials.

The motion was adopted

REASONS GIVEN.

Dr. Milne asked the Hon. the Minister of Education:

1. Why was a teacher's certificate refused to John N. Muir in July, 1892?

2. Why was a "renewal" refused to John N. Muir in July, 1892?

3. Why was a temporary certificate to teach in the South Comox school refused to the school trustees, when asked for by them in favor of John N. Muir in August, 1892?

Hon. Mr. Baker in answer to the first two questions said because Mr. Muir had failed to satisfy the requirements of section 56 of the school act. In answer to the third question he said, because the trustees had failed to satisfy the requirements of section 56 of the School act.

THE SCHOOL BILL.

Hon. Mr. Baker moved the second reading of the school bill. The object of the bill was to enlarge the powers of the school trustees as it was found that if the trustees' powers were restricted it would be difficult to get good men to act as trustees. The bill provided that the trustees shall have power to fix and pay the salaries of the teachers, the Government paying a per capita allowance of $10 to the cities for the actual daily attendance at the schools. This would prevent any friction which might be caused between the trustees and the Government if the latter paid half the teachers' salaries. The cities would derive a benefit from the $10 per capita allowance, as the pupils now cost the cities less than that. In fact the Government was dealing most liberally with the cities. It was very necessary that care should be taken in selecting teachers, and it was his intention to move in the direction of starting a Normal school, where teachers could be thoroughly trained. There had been a great deal of correspondence in the newspapers in reference to the letter he had addressed to the ministers of the province in reference to religious instruction in public schools. He alone was responsible for what had occurred. He sent the letters without conferring with his colleagues, but he did not regret what he had done. British Columbia occupied the unenviable position of being the only province in the Dominion where there is no religious instruction in the public schools. One of the causes of the school act, said that the Lord's Prayer may be repeated in the schools. The word "shall" should be placed in the clause instead of "may." There was a strong reaction setting in, in other countries, in favor of religious instruction in the schools. One of the points taken against the movement was that there were many atheists in the country who did not wish it. Why could not the Christians say we demand that our children be given religious instruction in the schools. But objections also came from some of the religious denominations, who say that if their dogma is not taught there shall not be any religious instruction at all. The jealousy, mistrust and overzeal of some of those gentlemen had crystalized their zeal into bigotry. The majority of the answers he received from the ministers were in favor of the idea of religious instruction in the schools. Others said that the Sunday school was the place for religious instruction. This was a narrow minded idea, as in many districts there were no Sunday schools, and a minister visited the district but once or twice a month, and the children received no religious instruction. He thought it his duty as Minister of Education to ask the people of the province to consider this question.

Hon. Mr. Beaven—As far as the bill gave the trustees the power to fix and pay the teachers it was a step in the right direction but the per capita allowance was inadequate and should be increased. He knew that the city of Victoria was out over $25,000 since the last school act went into force. It was unfair to make the cities pay out so much when they have no way of recouping themselves. If the Government continues the present method of imposing so many things on the cities they will have to give them power to raise more revenue. He did not doubt what the Minister of Education had said, but the letter written by that gentleman did not agree with what he had said. The letter was signed by Mr. Baker, as Minister of Education, and a minister of the Crown could not make himself anything else but a minister of the Crown. If the Minister of Education had told the House that he had been rapped over the knuckles by the Attorney-General for writing the letter he would have had the sympathy of the members. It was impossible to change the fact that the Minister of Education acted as the Minister of Education. He would vote for the second reading of the bill, hoping that the Government would increase the per capita allowance.

Mr. Semlin said that the Government in giving more power to the trustees was doing just what the Opposition had advised. The Minister of Education had spoken of religious instruction in the schools as though it was a new subject in the province. The matter was discussed years ago when the school bill was first introduced, and the late Honorable John Robson had vigorously opposed it. The reason given why there should not be religious instruction in the school was because the province could not afford to support the three or four different classes of schools that would be necessary. The province could only afford to give the children a worldly education. In Ontario there were separate schools and the large majority of the people would like to see them abolished. It handicapped some of the children who were forced to attend the separate schools which were not as good as the others. It was a very sensible suggestion to delegate religious instruction to the Sunday schools. The way he and many other men in Ontario had been taught to show reverence was from the head of the family, not from the Sunday school teacher or the parson, and much less from the day school teacher. In some portions of the Dominion the Lord's prayer may be said in the school, but it was not left to the teacher but to the trustees.

Hon. J. H. Turner thought the Minister of Education had a perfect right to elicit the opinion of men that ought to know, in regard to religious teaching in the school. There was good reason why this matter should have been taken up. The bill was a step in the right direction.

Mr. Cotton said the members on the Opposition side of the House should be given some credit for the provisions of the bill before the House. Subject to certain amendments, he was in favor of the bill.

Mr. Grant—The bill was just what the Opposition had been contending for. It was good as far as it went, but he thought it should go further. It was hard to get good men to act as school trustees if they could not have more control.

The bill passed the second reading.

MASONIC TEMPLE ASSOCIATION.

Hon. Mr. Beaven introduced a bill to incorporate the Masonic Temple Association. It was read a first time and referred to the private bills committee.

MOUNT TOLMIE RAILWAY.

Mr. Eberts introduced a bill to incorporate the Mount Tolmie and Cordova Bay Railway Company. It was read a first time.

OFFICIAL MAP ACT.

Hon. Mr. Beaven introduced a bill to amend the City of Victoria Official Map Act. It was read a first time.

Y.M.C.A. BILL.

Mr. Horne introduced a bill to incorporate the Y.M.C.A. of Vancouver. The bill was read a first time.

HEALTH BILL.

The House went into committee, Mr. Grant in the chair, to consider the Health Bill.

Mr. Brown introduced an amendment providing that but three of the five members of the provincial board shall be medical men. The amendment was adopted.

There was a long discussion as to whether the secretary or chairman of the board should be the head health officer of the province. A vote being taken it was decided that the bill should remain as it was, viz., the chairman to be head health officer for the province.

The committee rose and reported progress.

MR. DECOSMOS OBJECTS.

Mr. Cotton presented a petition from Hon. Amor DeCosmos against the bill to amend the Victoria City Official Map Act.

AN AMENDMENT.

Mr. Cotton introduced a bill to amend the Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley Railway Act.

The House adjourned at 5:50.

LEGISLATIVE NOTES.

Mr. Kitchen's bill to amend the Constitution Act was ruled out of order by the Speaker.

The first Speaker's dinner of the session was held last evening. The following gentlemen were the guests of Hon. D. W. Higgins: Hon. Theo. Davie, Hon. Mr. Vernon, Hon. Mr. Pooley, Hon. Mr. Turner, Hon. Col. Baker, Messrs. Hall, Hunter, Brown, Booth, Semlin, Milne, M.P.P.'s, Messrs. Wm. Wilson, R. P. Rithet, Robert Ward, A. C. Flummerfelt, W. S. Gore, Dr. Powell and Capt. Power.

A South Vancouver deputation waited on the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works yesterday and asked that a certain Government reserve in their municipality be removed. Hon. Mr. Vernon promised to consider their request.

The private bills committee met yesterday and again to-day to consider the bill to make certain amendments to the Vancouver City charter and the counter petition of Mr. H. O. Bell-Irving and others. The clause objected to by the petitioners is the one legalizing the bonus to the N.P.R. to build to Vancouver.

A Mainland deputation waited on the Minister of Finance yesterday to urge that the tax on mortgages be repealed. Hon. Mr. Turner said the Government could not at present see its way clear to grant the request, but would consider it.

In committee of the whole on the health bill yesterday, Hon. Mr. Beaven said it looked very much as though the bill was designed for the purpose of appointing an ornamental officer. After referring to the smallpox outbreak Mr. Beaven said he had never yet referred to the delicate subject of the appointment of the Attorney-General's brother as provincial health officer last year.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire From All Parts of the Dominion.

Mr. J. Abbott, son of the ex-Premier, has just received news that his father is now in Florence and that his health is very good.

The Quebec legislature has passed Mr. Cooke's bill prohibiting the sale of tobacco to minors. There was no opposition to the bill.

Judge Baxter, county court judge of the county of Welland, died at his residence in Thorold of heart disease. He has been ailing for some time past and his death was not unexpected.

Lieut.-Governor Chapleau will sail from New York on March 25 for Europe, where he will spend several months on account of his health. During his absence Sir Alexander Lacoste will act as administrator.

Hugh McLennan, one of the directors of the New Dominion Coal Co., of Nova Scotia, says that although Mr. Van Horne is one of the Canadian directorate the C.P.R. is not at the back of the company and has nothing to do with it.

The Senate committee on divorce has favorably reported on the petition of Robert Young Hebden for a divorce from his wife, who eloped with John Allan, of the Allan Steamship Company, Montreal. The runaway couple are in Japan.

About 6:30 Tuesday evening the roof and north side of the Carman, Manitoba, skating and curling rink collapsed and the building is a total wreck. The curlers had just left the rink, and a match was on for 7 o'clock. Had the accident happened while the curlers were in the rink it is certain that all would have been instantly killed, as the roof lies flat on the ice. Escape would have been impossible.

At a special meeting of the Winnipeg Board of Trade a resolution was passed that the Dominion Government be urged to introduce immediately such legislation as will dissolve combines or trusts, and that such legislation shall include provisions which will enable the Governor-General-in-Council to reduce and abolish the import tariff on any and every class of goods in connection with which a combine or trust for the upholding of prices or otherwise hindering competition has been or may be found in the Dominion.

Germany's Strongest Pillar.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—The Emperor received this afternoon a deputation from the Central Agricultural Association of the provinces. Count Botho zu Eulenberg, Prussian minister, and Herr von Heyden, Minister of Agriculture, were present. After Herr von Burlow had introduced the deputation and stated briefly their wishes, the Emperor said that he was especially gratified by the action of the association in bringing their complaints directly to the father of their country (Landesvater.) He never would rest content until he had got the provincial courts in proper working order so that justice would be practically and expeditiously administered. He especially desired to relieve the agricultural landowners of the cares and the difficulties which surround their occupation, but he felt that many methods, popularly approved for the attainment of this end, only obscured the government and retarded progress towards it. In the first place the preservation of the peace was a necessary condition of all agricultural progress. The agrarian party might assist materially in maintaining the peace by voting for the military bill now before the Reichstag. Agriculture was a pillar of the Empire, and it would ever be his duty and pleasure to uphold and strengthen this pillar. In return he hoped the agricultural party would give in the future, as in the past, constant evidence of their loyalty to the throne. His unshaken belief was that the agricultural classes would show themselves faithful to both Emperor and Empire.

Cleveland's Cabinet.

LAKEWOOD, Feb. 22.—Mr. Cleveland announced this evening that he had completed his cabinet, which is as follows:—Walter O. Gresham, of Indiana, secretary of state; John G. Carlisle, of Kentucky, secretary of the treasury; Daniel S. Lamont, of New York, secretary of war; Hillary A. Herbert, of Alabama, secretary of the navy; Hoke Smith, of Georgia, secretary of the interior; J. Sterling Morton, of Nebraska, secretary of agriculture; Wilson S. Bissell, of New York, postmaster-general; Richard Olney, of Massachusetts, attorney-general.

Cavin Bros., 94 Douglas street, are selling boots and shoes at cost for CASH for 30 days.

Complete house furnishings in great variety at Weiler Bros.

Behring Sea Arbitration.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Secretary John Foster will to-morrow retire from President Harrison's cabinet and from the administration of foreign affairs for the purpose of assuming the active directorship and management of the case of the United States before the international tribunal which is to assemble in Paris to-morrow, for the arbitration of the questions in controversy between the United States and Great Britain in connection with the sealing industries of Behring Sea. The meeting of the tribunal to-morrow will be purely informal, however, an arrangement having been made that the case shall be formally presented at a subsequent meeting to be held on March 23. Secretary Foster will leave to-morrow afternoon for New York, whence he will sail on Saturday on the ss. New York for Southampton, proceeding thence to Paris. He will be accompanied from New York by Senator Morgan, one of the arbitrators; Judge Blodget, one of the American counsel, will also sail from New York on Saturday, on the Normania.

Angry Ulstermen.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—It is reported from Belfast that the Orange societies in the North of Ireland are preparing for forcible resistance to a Home Rule Parliament, should one be established. It is being arranged that all the Irish opponents of Home Rule shall simultaneously withdraw their deposits from the Post Office Savings banks and purchase arms to be used in case physical force should be found necessary to prevent the establishment of Irish Home Rule in Ulster. Inquiries are already being made with a view to making contracts for a supply of the latest improved weapons, and an Orange club at Dungannon has received an offer from a Birmingham factory of 1000 Martini-Henri rifles. Excitement is running very high amongst the Ulster loyal party, and many of them declare that in the event of the enactment of a Home Rule bill, civil war will inevitably ensue.

Harrison Compared to Nero.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The Standard in a leader on the silver question in the United States this morning, compares President Harrison's attitude with that of Nero fiddling while Rome burned, and suggests ironically that the Americans must be proud of their chief magistrate. Anything more hopeless than his ability to grasp the situation, continues the Standard, "cannot be conceived. It seems that there must be a severe shock in America before the people will show themselves wiser than their rulers and stop the creation of silver coin certificates circulated as money of full value."

Spanish Anarchists.

MADRID, Feb. 22.—A strong force of the civil guard has been ordered to Alcoy, 24 miles northwest of Alicante, with instructions to repress vigorously any attempt that may be made by Anarchists to create a disturbance there. The Anarchists in the town have posted a number of placards inciting workingmen to rise and proclaim a social revolution, but it is thought that even were the workingmen disposed to rise against authority, the prompt action of the Government will prevent any overt action.

French Republicans.

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The Republican members of the Senate met to-day to select their candidate for the Senate presidency, left vacant by the resignation of M. LeKoyer. Jules M. Ferry was chosen. He received 87 votes, and M. Jules Simon 2 votes.

Roman Bomb Throwers.

ROME, Feb. 22.—Twenty anarchists have been arrested on suspicion of having been implicated in causing dynamite explosions here during last year. A bomb ready for use was found in the room of one of them.

The Power of Prayer.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—Prayers against the Home Rule bill are being offered in all the Protestant churches in the Diocese of Down in Ulster.

Mrs. H. D. West
of Cornwallis, Nova Scotia.

$200 Worth

Of Other Medicines Failed

But 4 Bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla Cured.

"It is with pleasure that I tell of the great benefit I derived from Hood's Sarsaparilla. For 6 years I have been badly afflicted with

Erysipelas

breaking out with running sores during hot summer months. I have sometimes not been able to use my limbs for two months at a time. Being induced to try Hood's Sarsaparilla, I got one bottle last spring, commenced using it; felt so much better, got two bottles more; took them during the summer, was able to do my housework, and

Walk Two Miles

which I had not done for six years. Think I am cured of erysipelas, and recommend any person so afflicted to use

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I our bottles has done more for me than $200 worth of other medicine. I think it the best blood purifier known." MRS. H. D. WEST, Church street, Cornwallis, N. S.

HOOD'S PILLS cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache. 25c.

GILLETT'S PURE POWDERED 100% LYE

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.

Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.

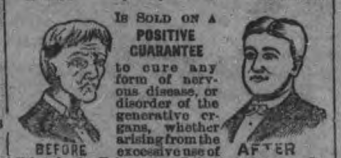
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.

E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE.

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.



IS SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium; through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power, Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address THE APHRO MEDICINE CO WESTERN BRANCH, Box 37, PORTLAND, OR.

SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN; Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION.

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TESTING cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Before. After. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. june10-1y

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH

For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. may7 1y.

TRADE MARK

BIG G

CURE YOURSELF!

Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only *non-poisonous* remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor. *The Universal American Cure.* Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

PRICE $1.00

CUBB'S COUGH CURE (ANTISEPTIC) CUBB'S COUGH CURE

We do not publish testimonials from parties in the Eastern States, but from well known, reliable local parties.

Read the following from people you know:

Rev. Robert R. Maitland, L.L.B., one of the leading clergymen of Vancouver says: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the magical efficacy of your Cubb's Cough Cure in the treatment of cold in the head, throat and chest, and the croup tendency in children. I have recommended it to others after using it myself, feeling free to say it is just the thing to have in the house for such emergencies. I hope it will have a large sale."

Capt. M. Manson, of Victoria, B. C., says: "I took a fearful cold after unusual exposure and found myself tightened up so much that I had great difficulty in even breathing. A torturing cough set in and I was miserable in the extreme. I took four regular doses of Cubb's Cough Cure and the result astonished me. In ONE NIGHT my cough was broken up and my system completely freed from all symptoms of cold. I heartily recommend it to everyone."

THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

☞Ask your Druggist for Dealer for it.

Wholesale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria B. C., or address THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

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Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

THOS. SPENCE,

Notary Public and Land Agent

KELOWNA

Okanagan Mission, B.C.

tr- &w

HOTELS.

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.

d&w JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Saywa Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.

oc23-tf W. P. SAYWARD.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN)

No. 11 Rae Street.

Applications to be made at the Home or to MRS. D. W. HIGGINS, Cadboro Bay Road.

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO.

MANUFACTURERS,

TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

A FORTUNE

Inherited by few, is pure blood, free from hereditary taint. Catarrh, consumption, rheumatism, Scrofula, and many other maladies born in the blood, can be effectually eradicated only by the use of powerful alteratives. The standard specific for this purpose—the one best known and approved—is Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the compound, concentrated extract of Honduras sarsaparilla, and other powerful alteratives.

"I consider that I have been

SAVED

several hundred dollars' expense by using Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and would strongly urge all who are troubled with lameness or rheumatic pains to give it a trial. I am sure it will do them permanent good, as it has done me."—Mrs. Joseph Wood, West Plattsburgh, N.Y.

Dr. J. W. Shields, of Smithville, Tenn., says: "I regard Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the best blood medicine on earth, and know of many wonderful cures effected by its use."

"For many years I was laid up with SCROFULA, no treatment being of any benefit. At length I was recommended to give Ayer's Sarsaparilla a trial. I did so, and

By Taking

about a dozen bottles, was restored to perfect health—weighing 230 pounds—and am now a believer in the merits of Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—James Petsy, Mine Boss, Breckenridge Coal Co. (Limited), Victoria, Ky.

"My niece, Sarah A. Loose, was for years afflicted with scrofulous humor in the blood. About 18 months ago she began to use Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and after taking three bottles was completely cured."—E. Caffall, P.M., Loose, Utah.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists. Price $1; six bottles, $5.

Cures others, will cure you

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stabbles

H. M. YATES,
tf Secretary.

WHAT IS HYPNOTISM?

A Clear Definition of This Mysterious Force—The Optic Nerve First Affected.

Hypnotism consists of two things: First, the induction of a psychical condition, in which the subject's mind is made almost a blank and is completely under the operator's will; and, second, the suggestions which the subject receives. These suggestions may be communicated to the subject in different ways, the best of which are by speech, as they are more concise and quickly rendered than suggestions made by motions and other methods.

The subject's susceptibility to suggestion while in the hypnotic state is enormously increased, and his ability to act upon those suggestions is controlled entirely by the operator.

It is a common but erroneous idea that there are seven "degrees" or "stages" of hypnotism, supposed to range from a mild, peaceful slumber to a state where the subject is completely insensible. Charcet, the eminent French theorist and experimenter, claims that there are as many as nine distinct degrees, but if this is true, I have been unable to distinguish the difference between them. During the past week my subject was a young lady, 18 years old, and fairly intelligent; in three days I subjected her to the process of hypnosis seven different times, and from the most careful experiments, in conjunction with Dr. Charles Morell, we found the first degree of phynotism consisted simply of a mild slumber together with the loss of sight. The loss of the sense of taste soon followed, and quickly after that the sense of smell departed; then the sense of touch, and last of all the sense of hearing.

The third stage of hypnotism, according to Binet and Fera, is that of catalepsy, in which the subject becomes perfectly rigid, and remains in that condition for any length of time. I have found that the subject has a tendency to assume the condition of catalepsy, and that it can be induced between any of the stages before mentioned, i.e., that the subject becomes, according to my will, lethargic or rigid between the loss of any of the two senses.

I have stated that the optic nerve is the first to lose its power under hypnosis, but a curious effect was noticeable before the subject lost all controle of sight. While the eyes were still half open a bright red handkerchief was held before them in the line of vision, and at a distance of about fourteen inches. When asked its color the subject pronounced it blue, the contrasting color of red. Again, a blue 'kerchief was declared to be orange, and a yellow one blue, and so on, each color being called by its complementary color. During this trial it was thought that perhaps the subject was color blind, but this was found to be incorrect, as the subject defined all of the colors accurately while in full possession of the senses.

As the eye became devoid of the power of sight a twenty-candle power incandescent electric lamp, with reflector, was set before the subject at a distance of ten inches. This bright light failed to contract or expand the pupils in the slightest degree.

After this I commanded the subject to become rigid, when this state was immediately effected. After releasing her from this stage she resumed the first degree. This was proven by a bottle of the strongest ammonia held directly to the nostrils and the subject commanded to inhale it. This test failed, but a candle and potato were consumed without reluctance, illustrating that the sense of taste followed the loss of sight.

The third degree was then induced. The ammonia was again introduced, while it was suggested that the "perfume" was exquisite. As the subject inhaled the fumes of the aminonia a smile of pleasure played about her lips, the mere suggestion of perfume producing the result as before stated.

After a few more passes the girl lost the sense of touch and several needles were inserted in the cheek and through the lip. The doctor also extracted a decayed tooth, and the tests were over. I released the subject from her insensible state apparently none the worse for her severe tests. I shall conduct from time to time experiments upon each degree of insensibility, treating each separately and exhaustively.—Robert Hardin, Jr., in St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Dangerous Raindrops.

Of course we all know that it would be an utter impossibility for storm clouds to form and rain to fall were it not for the forty odd miles of atmosphere that rises above our heads. But, supposing it were possible for human beings to exist in an atmosphere that only rose to a level with their mouths, and that storm clouds could form in the region outside such a low-grade atmosphere, then every raindrop would prove as fatal to earthly creatures as if it were a steel bullet fired from a dynamite gun.

All falling bodies, whether they be crystal raindrops or meteorites, fall with what philosophers term "a uniform accelerated motion;" in other words, if a body be moving at a certain velocity at the expiration of one second from the beginning of its fall it will be moving with twice that velocity at the expiration of two seconds, gaining in speed at uniform rate throughout the whole course of its fall.

Careful experiments have shown that the rate at which a body acquires velocity in falling through the air is 32 feet per second at the end of the first second from starting. At the end of the next second it is going at the rate of 64 feet per second, and so on through the whole time of falling. Where the velocity is known the space through which the body has fallen may be ascertained by multiplying velocity at that period by the number of seconds during which it has been falling, and dividing the result by two.

This rule applies, however, only to bodies falling through a vacuum. The resistance of our atmosphere materially retards raindrops, hailstones, aerolites and all other bodies which fall through it, and were it not for the resistance it presents every rainstorm would be disastrous to the human race, as each drop would fall with a velocity great enough to penetrate the full length of a full-grown man's body.—[From Nature.

The Clear Sight of Indians.

An examination of 250 Indian boys resulted in the discovery that two were color blind—a very low percentage when compared with the whites—while none of the Indian girls were thus affected.

Amusements.

For particulars and dates of amusements, see fourth page, column next editorial.

Butcher knives at Fox's.

The Papal Jubilee.

ROME, Feb. 22.—As the Pope is still suffering from a cold, the reception of the pilgrims from Hungary, Uruguay and the Argentine, which was to have taken place to-day, was postponed indefinitely. His Holiness received, however, Comte de Bebaine, French ambassador at the Vatican, who presented a letter of congratulations and two Sevres vases from President Carnot. The letter was countersigned by M. Develle, French Minister of Foreign Affairs, and expressed the President's best wishes for the health and long life of the Pope. In replying to Comte de Bebaine's oral congratulations, the Pope spoke of his sincere desire for the prosperity of France and the continuance of the present cordial relations between the Republic and the Vatican. The jubilee collections of Monday already received by the Pope amount to 7,000,000 francs. The Austrian Archdukes, the Archbishop of Prague and the Archbishop of Hungary gave 250,000 each. The bishops of Austro-Hungary sent 250,000; the nobility of Bohemia sent 300,000, Mexican Catholics, 150,000; and South American Catholics 250,000. Several officials at the Vatican have been arrested for having sold tickets of admission to St. Peter's on the occasion of the celebration of mass by the Pope. The tickets were sold in direct defiance of orders that admission should be free.

Billy's Forfeiture of Confidence.

Mr. McSwat came home tired, hungry and impatient and found that his supper wasn't ready or likely to be ready for an hour or more.

If there is any point on which Mr. McSwat is inflexible and uncompromising it is meals.

"Now, you know well enough, Lobelia," he said, throwing his overcoat on the lounge and walking up and down the room, "that I don't like to be kept waiting for my supper in this way. When a man has been working hard all day——"

"Billiger," exclaimed Mrs. McSwat, in a broken voice, "don't reproach me. I have had something else to think of, and I didn't speak to Sally about supper till a few minutes ago. I have had such a shock—you don't know!"

"What is the matter? Any bad news from the relatives?"

"No, no!"

"Had a quarrel with the neighbors?"

"No. It's——"

"Aunt Jerusha coming?"

"I'll tell you if you'll give me a chance, Billiger," said Mrs. McSwat, wiping her eyes. "It's Billy!"

"Billy who?"

"Billy the canary."

"Oh, it's the canary, is it? If he's got away, Lobelia, I think I can stand it. That bird, madam, has cost me in cages and feed and medicine since you first got him three years ago, about $16, and——"

"He hasn't g-got away, B-Billinger!" sobbed Mrs. McSwat. "It's—it's not that!"

"Is he dead?"

"N-no! no!"

"What then?"

"Billy has—has—has laid an egg!"—Chicago Tribune.

An Object Lesson in Futility.

They were talking about futility and for some reason known only to each other failed to agree. Finally she asked:

"Well, now suppose you give me an example of what you call futility?"

"All right," said he. "Multiply 3,046 by 271."

She took her little gold pencil in hand, seized a piece of paper, and after a few minutes of diligent figuring, announced the result:

"Two million, eight hundred and forty five thousand and sixty-six," said she.

"Divide that by two," he continued.

"One million four hundred and twenty-two thousand five hundred and thirty-three," she said.

"Very well," said he. "Now add seven to that and then subtract 1,412,540 and tell me what you get."

"The result is zero," said she, after figuring a little more.

"Well, that's what I call futility," said he, with a laugh. "You've covered a sheet of paper with figuring to arrive at nothing."

Whereupon she became so angry that she refused to argue further on the subject.—Harper's Magazine.

Her Artful Way.

Mrs. Gazzam—"George, dear, here's an article on how to keep moths out of sealskin sacques."

Gazzam—"That can't be of much interest to you, as you have no sealskin sacque."

Mrs. Gazzam—"That was what I wished to direct your attention to, love."

A Simple Experiment.

A neat little experiment in electricity is to soak half a sheet of stout foolscap paper in water, drying it rapidly before a fire, spreading it while warm on a varnished table or dry woolen cloth and then rubbing the surface sharply with a piece of india-rubber. The paper becomes so electrified that it will stick to a smooth wall or looking-glass, or attract bits of tissue-paper like a magnet, and on being laid upon a japanned tea-tray which is stood upon three thoroughly dry goblets will cause the tray to give out sparks at a touch of the finger.

"How to Cure all Skin Diseases."

Simply apply "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT." No internal medicine required. Cures tetter, eczema, itch, all eruptions on the face, hands, nose, &c., leaving the skin clear, white and healthy. Its great healing and curative powers are possessed by no other remedy. Ask your druggist for SWAYNE'S OINTMENT. Lyman, Sons & Co., Montreal, Whoiesale Agents. tts&w

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. City of Kingston from the Sound—N E T & L Co, W C Shaw, J Sommers Vale & Brooks, R Bower, Quintard & P, Colonist P & P Co, Randall & Sinclair, P McQuade & Son, Mrs M W Frazer, E M Ward.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—S Leiser, Langley & Co, G Schloss, Lenz & Leiser, Quintard & P, Naval Store Keeper, D Spencer, Weiler Bros, Ordsr, J B, C Strouss, M Smith, J C Lesak, Ames Holden, T Cusack, B Gordon, G C Shaw, J Earsman, J A T Caton, J Fullerton, T B Pearson, Victoria Printing Co, G H Maynard, A E Westcott, E G Anderson, A Lewis, B C Com J Co, J Maynard, J H Baker, J Richards, Turner & Beeton, E G Prior, J Piercy, Victoria Times, W P Jaynes, H L Salmon, T B Pearson, H Brenckley, W Duncan, A F Turner, R Porter, Ledingham Bros, T E Hibben, S Shaw, Canada Paint Co, R Jamieson, J Ward, J Mellor, E B Marvin, R McDonald, Flemming Bros, R P Rithet, B & K M Co, Hall, Ross & Co, Nicholles & Renouf, A E Morris, Watson & Geiger, F W Hall, F Norris, H Saunders, L Dickenson, Singer Manufacturing Co, R W Higginbotham, J Hutchinson, B Williams, G R Jackson, H Bornstein, Cap & Cates, California Wine Co, D H Ross, Hudson Bay Co, J White, J B Johnston, J Grier, J Barnsley, Prior & Co, W M Perry, Ramsay Bros, Spratt & Gray, Thompson & K, T Earle, Dominion Express Co.

Famous Cambridge sausages, Bologna sausages, pork pies, bacon, ham and poultry, at Whitelaw & Co's., 73 Fort street.

THE PURITAN SCHOOL.

A Belief That Sparing the Rod Spoiled the Child—Favorite Studies.

Great attention was paid to penmanship. Spelling was nought if the "wrighting" were only fair and flowing. I have never read of any criticism of teachers by either parents or town officers save in the one question of writing. How deeply children were versed or grounded in the knowledge of the proper use of "Simme colings not of interiogations peorids and commoes" I do not know. A boundless freedom apparently was given, as was also in orthography—if we judge from the letters of the times.

The school houses were simple dwellings, often tumbling down and out of repair. The Roxbury teacher wrote in 1681:

"Of inconveniences [in the schoolhouse] I shall mention no other but the confused and shattered and nastie posture that it is in, not fitting for to reside in, the glass broke, and thereupon very raw and cold; the floor very much broken and torn up to kindle fires, the hearth spoiled, the seats some burned and out of kilter, that one had well-high as good keep school in a hog stie as in it."

This schoolhouse had been built and furnished with some care in 1652.

"The feoffes agreed with Daniel Welde that he provide convenient benches with forms, with tables for the scholars, and a conveniente seate for the schoolmaster a Deske to put the Dictionary on and shelves to lay up bookes.

The schoolmaster "promised and engaged to use his best endeavour both by precept and example to instruct in all Scholasticall morall and Theologicall discipline the children so far as they be capable all A. B. C Darians accepted." He was paid in corn, barley or peas, the value of 25 pounds per annum, and each child through his parents or guardians furnished half a cord of wood for the schoolhouse fire. If this load of wood were not promptly furnished the child suffered, for the master did not allow him "the benefit of the fire"; that is, to go near enough to feel the warmth.

The children of wise parents like Cotton Mather, were also taught "opificial and beneficial sciences" such as the mystery of medicine—a mystery indeed in colonial times.

Puritan schoolmasters believed, as did Puritan parents, that sparing the rod spoiled the child, and great latitude was given in punishment; the rod and ferule were fiercely and frequently plied, as in English schools of the same date. When young men were publicly whipped in colleges, children were sure to be well trained in smaller schools. Master Lovel, that tigerish Boston master, whipped the culprit with birch rods, and forced another scholar to hold the sufferer on his back. Others whipped on the soles of the feet, and one teacher roared out, "Oh, the Caitiffs, it is good for them." Not only were children whipped, but many ingenious instruments of torture were invented. One teacher made his scholars sit on a "bark seat turned upside down with his thumb on the knot of a floor." Another master of the inquisition invented a unipod—a stool with one leg—sometimes placed in the middle of the seat, sometimes on the edge, on which the unfortunate scholar tiresomely balanced. Others sent out the suffering pupil to cut a branch of a tree, and making a split in the large end of the branch, sprung it on the culprit's nose, and he stood painfully pinched, an object of ridicule with his spreading branch of leaves. One cruel master invented also an instrument of torture which he called a "flapper." It was a heavy piece of leather six inches in diameter with a hole in the middle, and was fastened at the edge to a pliable handle. The pain inflicted by this brutal instrument can well be imagined. At another school, whipping of unlucky wights was done "upon a peaked block with a tattling," and this expression of colonial severity seems to take on an additional force and cruelty in our minds that we do not at all know what a tattling stick was, nor understand what was meant by a peaked block.—Alice Morse Earle in Independent.

A Common-Sense Crusade.

By way of protest against the manifest inconvenience of wearing a long and trailing skirt on the highway, an association of sensible young women in Nottingham, England, have adopted the fashion of short petticoats for their walks abroad. The illustration shows how independently a girl may fare through mud and slush with skirts several inches above her ankles. The women of England are persuading fashionable tailors to make short costumes for their out-door expeditions natty and trim, and finished with a facing of soft leather easily cleansed when splashed. This costume requires a well-fitting boot, since it necessarily leaves the foot exposed to view. It is to be hoped that the day of short skirts for out-door wear will soon dawn for all healthy women.

For the drawing-room nothing is so beautiful as the trained skirt. It conveys with it the traditions of the past, when queens stepped proudly over palace floors. Every fair woman is a queen in her own right, and her sweeping garments emphasize her stateliness in the house. But on a sloppy city street, or an abysmal rural road, what so forlorn as the lady clutching frantically at her dignity and the hem of her best gown, and vainly trying to keep up with her more fortunate brother or husband in the race of life?

We must admit that the Nottingham reformers are a trifle in advance of what is absolutely needful. Reformers are apt to be a little too radical. Nevertheless, we congratulate them on their courage and their common-sense, longing as we do to see thousands emulating their example here in free America.—Harper's Bazar.

BY-LAW

No. 187.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

Sec. 1. The Commissioners of Sewers By-Law, 1892, is hereby repealed.

Passed the Municipal Council on the 19th day of February, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

Interment Kills Cholera Bacilli.

BERLIN, Feb. 22.—During the discussion in the Reichstag to-day of the estimates of the Board of Health, Dr. von Boetticher, secretary of the Imperial Home Office, said that medical examination had shown that cholera bacilli do not live long in buried corpses, the earth acting as a filter. The question of cremation, he said, was not within the scope of the Reichstag.

A BY-LAW

To Regulate the Numbering of Hawkers and Pedlers.

Whereas by sub-section 61 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, the Council is empowered to make, alter and repeal by-laws inter alia to regulate the numbering of hawkers and pedlers,

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. Every hawker or pedler licensed under the Revenue By-Law, 1889, shall at the time of the issue of his license receive from the collector a plate bearing a number which shall be affixed on a prominent place on the outside of his wagon, cart or other vehicle or basket or other receptacle for carrying or conveying his goods, wares, or merchandise and said plate shall remain thereon during the period for which the license is granted or in case more than one basket or other receptacle is carried by the licensee then the plate shall be attached to one of such baskets or other receptacle, and such plate shall be returned to the collecor at the expiration of the term of the license and may be reissued by him.

Sec. 2. Any person convicted of a breach of this by-law shall forfeit and pay at the discretion of the convicting magistrate a penalty not exceeding the sum of fifty dollars, for each offence exclusive of costs and in default of payment of the said penalty and costs forthwith the said penalty and costs or costs only may be levied by distresss and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender and in case of there being no distress found out of which such penalty can be levied the convicting magistrate may commit the offender to the common jail of the city of Victoria with or without hard labor for any period not exceeding one calendar month unless the said and penalty costs be sooner paid.

Sec. 3. This By-Law may be cited as "The Hawker and Pedler Numbering By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of January, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council the 1st February, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of the by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 1st day of February, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

No. 188.

A BY-LAW

Authorising the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Borrow the sum of $225,000.00 in anticipation of the receipt of its Revenue for the year 1893.

Whereas under and by virtue of sub-section 134 of section 104 of the Municipal Act, 1892, every municipality may under the conditions contained in said sub-section borrow from any person such sum of money not exceeding an amount equal to the total amount of taxes upon land or real property as shown by the revised assessment roll of the municipality for the preceding year, and bearing such rate of interest as may be requisite, to meet the current legal expenditure of the corporation which becomes payable out of the annual revenue before the revenue for the year becomes payable by the tax payers;

And whereas the total amount of the tax upon land for the year 1892 is $235,907.55 and upon improvements $41,551.87;

And whereas to meet the current legal expenditure of the Corporation of the City of Victoria for the year 1893 payable out of the annual revenue before such revenue for such year becomes payable by the tax payers, it is requisite for the said Corporation to borrow the sum of $225,000.

Therefore be it enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:—

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria by the Mayor and Finance Committee thereof, to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation from any person or persons, firm or firms, corporation or corporations who may be willing to advance the same, the sum of $225,000.00, in such amounts and at such times as the same may in the opinion of the Mayor and the Finance Committee of the Council be required, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum.

Sec. 2. The money so borrowed shall be expended in defraying the current legal expenses of the said Corporation for the year 1893, and shall, together with the interest thereon, be payable and repaid to the lender or lenders thereof on or before the 31st day of December, 1893, out of the municipal revenue for the said year.

Sec. 3. The acknowledgement of such liability shall be in the form of a promissory note signed by the Mayor and the Finance Committee and Clerk of the said Corporation and shall be sealed with the corporate seal of the said Corporation.

Sec. 4. In the construction of this by-law the expressions "Land" and "Improvements" and "Real property" shall have respectively the meaning given to them in section 2 of the Municipal Act, 1892.

Sec. 5. This by-law may be cited as the "Annual Loan By-Law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council the 17th day of February, A. D. 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 20th day of February, A. D. 1893.

[L.S.] ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

WEILER BROS

Lace Curtains.

A Large Stock of White and Ecru Lace Curtains just arrived.

New Lines of

Crockery and Glassware

continually arriving.

Complete House Furnishings

Inspection invited.

Show Rooms, 51 to 55 Fort St.
Furniture Factory, Humbolt St.

3 PRACTICAL POINTS

One of the most successful German physicians gave as the secret of his wonderful success these three important points:—

1. **Keep the Head Cool.**
2. **Keep the Bowels Open.**
3. **Keep the Feet Warm.**

These conditions are not so easily obtained as one would think. Why? Because without pure and healthy blood a vigorous circulation cannot be kept up, and because the food and occupation of most people tends to clog up the bowels and produce constipation. The success of B. B. B., like that of the German physician, lies in so purifying the blood and regulating the bowels, liver and stomach, that these three conditions are fulfilled easily, and disease can find no lodgment in the body.

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE.

B B B

This medicine does purify the blood and cure all diseases arising from impure or unhealthy blood. It does regulate the entire system and cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, scrofula, skin diseases, rheumatism, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. During the past ten years over one million bottles have been sold in Canada, and, although we guarantee every bottle to do all we claim, we have not received a single complaint.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

IRON STEEL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.

2½ per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal solt, sound, and non crystallizing; prevents blow holes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5.00 per 100-pound box, $28.00 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock-Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfeld Furnace and Refining Co.,
Newport, Ky.

Branch offices and deposits: Judson Mfg. Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Lorimer & Ross, Montreal and Toronto, Can.; D. W. C. Carroll & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Hatfield Steel Foundry Co., England; Southern Steel and Aluminum Alloy Co., Rome, Ga.; J. D. Smith Foundry Supply Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. def-6m

DOES YOUR WIFE DO HER OWN WASHING?

GET HER SUNLIGHT SOAP.

If you regard her health and strength, and want to keep your home free from hot steam and smell, and save fuel, washing powders, and the clothes,

It will be a blessing to her and to your home.

Agents for British Columbia, BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING, Victoria, B.C.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

A SMART BOY—Apply to Skene Lowe, Photographer, Government St. fe22-3t

WANTED—Two apprentices to dressmaking. Mrs. Key, 2 Second St. fe21-6t

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly. Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. m&s&w-4w

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—By a lady, a small room in private family with use of cooking stove. Address immediately, M., TIMES Office. 118-5t

LOST OR FOUND.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

LOST—Between Blanchard and Quadra Sts., on Fort St., a black morocco purse containing money and coins. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at TIMES Office.

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed glasses. Finder will be rewarded on leaving them at the TIMES Office. no23-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—New combination safe; Taylor's, Toronto; size No. 2. Cost $132; will be sold for $60. Also lady's otter skin jacket and two otter skins dressed. A.H., TIMES Office. f24-1w

MOVING—F. V. HOBBS is moving into larger premises and will sell furniture and crockery cheaper than ever to reduce stock. Corner Fort and Blanchard Sts. fe22-2

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric n11-tf-d-w

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Man and wife, with children, to whom will be leased for a long period a very desirable place of 50 acres facing the sea. Apply P.O. Box 483, Victoria, B.C. fe22-1w

$10 A MONTH—Nice detatched cottages, Spring Ridge, six rooms each; this rent is very moderate. Also seven roomed house and shop. Apply C. Farrington, Spring Ridge, or Mr. Kearns on the premises. no20tf

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured £20,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. jan3-1y

PHYSICIANS.

H. D. LEITCH, M.D., Physician and Surgeon. Office—Driard Block, Victoria, B.C.; Telephone 420. Residence—129 Quadra Street, near North Park Street; Telephone 181. Specialty—Diseases of Women and Diseases of Rectum. fe15-tf

DR. JOHN HALL,
Homœpathist,
Has removed his office to the Five Sisters Block, 3rd floor, No. 35. Attendance from 2 till 5. fe10-1m

REMOVAL.

DR. METHERELL,
Has removed from Victoria West and Government Street to 106 Yates Street. Telephone No. 80.

DR. E. C. FOOT,
B. A. and M. B., University of Dublin. Licentiate Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Residence, 129 Michigan Street, James Bay. Office, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Street. de3

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., Edinburgh,
Physician, Surgeon, etc. Specialty:—Eye Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets. Residence, corner Cadboro Bay road and Fernwood. au4

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection.
JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.
ja13

SONS OF ERIN
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p.m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131 meets second and fourth Tuesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. au19yr Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
fy26 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 128, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
E. LANGLEY, Scribe E.
a&ln cord 1-1y

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PEDRUDER, K. of R. & S.
oc19

ST. ANDREWS & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT,
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
MR. W. C. WINDEBANK, Vocal Humorist, Teacher of Vocal Music. Voices trained and improved for public singing. Terms moderate. 85 Fort St. A few more members wanted to complete singing class. Satisfaction guaranteed no1-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 128

JOHN J. AUSTIN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O Box 50.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184, ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale k22-1y

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

TUESDAY, FEB'Y 28th.

Testimonial Benefit

TENDERED TO

MR. DANIEL SELIM,

By his Victoria friends.

GRAND MUSICALE, assisted by C. Battery Band, by kind permission of Col. Holmes.

Tickets at Jamieson's Bookstore. fe21

TENDERS WANTED.

Notice to Surveyors.

The undersigned requests tenders for the surveying of a forty acre plot into town lots in the city of Port Angeles.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. Address
PILOT J. THOMPSON,
fe21-6t care P.O. Box 70, City.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As complaints have been made by residents of the higher levels that they are unable to obtain water, for the reason that it is being allowed to run to waste on the lower levels, the attention of all those so wasting water is called to the provisions of the "Water Works Prohibition By-Law," under which parties guilty of improperly wasting water are liable on conviction to a penalty of $100.

E. A. WILMOT,
Water Commissioner.
January 27, 1893. ja28-tf

Bursted Waterpipes
Repaired by
CLARKE PEARSON
19 Yates Street.
Telephone Call 213. P. O. Box 330.
fe9-2w

EMOVAL.

The Chicago Candy Factory has removed to No. 30 Government Street, three doors below O. E. Jones' Drug Store.

G. A. McCULLOCH.
fe13-2w

Notice of Removal.

The office of the Spokane and Great Northern Mining Co. is removed to 101 Yates St.
WILLIAM BAINES,
fe9-1m Agent.

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Turner block.
ap22

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....35 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths, free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, Ld.
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

NOT SO FAST.

We cannot subscribe to the declaration made by the correspondent "Toronto" in his letter, namely, that the tramway company is possessed of a franchise which cannot be taken from it under any circumstances. The company gets certain privileges from the city for which it agreed to pay a certain price. It is true that the price fixed is a very small one—much too small—and the city's servants neglected the city's interests when the bargain was made. But that is surely not to say that the company can pay the price or not just as it chooses. To state this conclusion is sufficient to show its absurdity. From the continued efforts made to show that the company has a complete "cinch" on the city, that its franchise cannot be taken away on account of any default, that it has a particularly "good thing" which the city should buy up at any price asked, the public may well believe that some people would like to see the city pay a sweet premium to the company. If the citizens are wise they will look with suspicion on such efforts. They need not pay anything for the company's franchise if the company has violated the contract between it and the city, and we should be sorry to see the public money used for the purpose of helping out shareholders in any concern.

REBELLION IN THE RANKS.

In the Colonist's Ottawa dispatches this morning appears the following paragraph:—"A remarkable feature of to-day's discussion is the number of Conservatives advocating tariff reform. Mr. Calvin, Conservative member for Frontenac, said he would support Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment, regretting that the Government only proposed to lop off the mealdering branches." Perhaps the Government will in time be convinced by this sort of evidence that it must do something radical in the way of revision. It may even be that the Manufacturers' Association will consent to a diminution of the protection afforded it, rather than run in danger of the whole fabric being swept away by the flood of public indignation. In any case the Government will suffer from its own indecision and delay, for the people will hardly accept the plea that enquiry is necessary before the most oppressive of the duties can be dealt with. They remember that very little investigation, or no investigation at all, was considered necessary when those duties were put on, and they will be apt to ask why there should be any exhaustive inquiry now. Besides, they will want to know whether the great mass of consumers are to be consulted, or only, as is usual, the beneficiaries of the duties. As showing Northwest opinion on the subject, we quote the following from the Winnipeg Free Press:—

If the Government had taken the stand that it would be better to await the tariff changes at Washington before making any attempt at revision here, there would have been dissatisfaction no doubt, but the policy would have been an intelligible one and would be respected. Instead of taking this bold and manly course, the Government confessed by its action that the agitation for tariff reform was well founded, but that it had not the courage to yield to it in defiance of its masters, the manufacturers. Sir Richard Cartwright has challenged what must of necessity appeal to the country as a cowardly evasion, by an amendment to the address declaring straight for a revenue tariff. There will be no escaping the issue thus raised. Members of Parliament will have to face it and say by their votes whether they are satisfied, for themselves and their constituents, to accept the trifling and useless reductions promised in the budget speech as fully meeting the reasonable expectations of the people. They will have to vote for the Government's policy of doing nothing, or stand by their constituents and demand with Sir Richard Cartwright that there shall be a Canadian tariff for revenue only. How it will be with other parts of the Dominion we do not know and cannot say, but so far as Manitoba and the Territories are concerned we venture the prediction and leave the elections to decide that no more than two members out of the total representation of both can vote satisfaction with the Government's wretched trifling and retain their seats on another appeal to their constituents. The settlers of the Northwest were never more in earnest than in their determination to be relieved of the worst burdens of the tariff. They are not to be deceived or cajoled. Their members must henceforth stand squarely with them for tariff reform, or be reckoned as the friends of the manufacturers for whose benefit the farmers are being bled white. There is no middle course or neutral ground; they who are not for them are against them.

The people of British Columbia would doubtless pronounce for tariff reform, but they will in all likelihood find their representatives voting with the Government and against Sir Richard Cartwright's amendment. This looks the worse as the present is a time when a little independence would be of great service to the province.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The "loyal" gentlemen of Ulster talk of withdrawing their money from the savings banks and purchasing arms wherewith to fight against the establishment of Home Rule. Loyal Ulster in rebellion against the authority of the Crown and Parliament will be a rare spectacle indeed.

"It is not to be supposed for a moment that our fiscal system can be altered in a week or a month," says the Empire. That dictum applies only when a demand is made for the reduction of duties. Much less time than a month was needed for the alteration that imposed on us the grievous burden of "protection."

The Colonist quotes Mr. Giffen's figures showing that 50 years ago the average annual wage of the British workingmen was £40, whereas it is at present about £80. And the purchasing power of money is now even greater than it was then. Fifty years ago Great Britain had "protection;" to-day it has free trade. The moral is obvious.

THE TRAMWAY GIVEAWAY.

TO THE EDITOR:—I have lately had occasion to look over the city franchise of the tramway company and am amazed at the concessions granted the company. It is the greatest giveaway in the shape of a franchise I have ever read. In a legal capacity I have looked over and construed two charters affecting street railways in the east and therefore speak from experience.

Not only is no provision made for transfers and the conveyance of young children, and the repair of the streets within and near the tracks; the charter is virtually a monopoly, because it permits the company to lay rails along any of the streets of the municipality upon giving thirty days' notice. With that power a new company that might apply for a charter on certain streets could be anticipated by the present company laying rails on the same streets in advance of the other company. If this is not the design of the tramway company, why are rails stacked up at the outer wharf ready for use when required?

Then there is the lighting part of the franchise, of which the company have already availed themselves, having, I am told, installed 3000 or 4000 lights, and are preparing to double the number.

Besides all these advantages, there is no penal clause, and the charter is absolutely non-forfeitable, such, at least, is my opinion, and I am not alone in it.

I am not surprised that the highest legal authority in the land should have remarked in open court that a million dollars would not secure another concession of the kind, and it is doubtful if any but the tramway company had a right to use the streets at all.

For 50 years this odious charter will be a millstone about the necks of our citizens unless the company can be induced to part with it meanwhile on a fair basis.

TORONTO.

A SUFFERING CITIZEN.

TO THE EDITOR:—I was pleased to read in yesterday's Colonist "Citizen's" letter anent the disgraceful state of Rockland avenue. As a long-suffering resident in that locality I thank him for taking pains to make the matter public, and would feelingly add a few words to supplement his remarks. I would like to call the attention, if possible, of our worthy chairman of streets and bridges, to the positively inexpressible condition of the road referred to, which would be a disgrace to any community. Were he an unfortunate inhabitant of this neighborhood and felt what it was to be boycotted by every cabman and carter, had to pay exorbitantly for every small delivery of fuel or fodder, which is a favor to obtain, and to rely on the good nature of his butcher and grocer for supplies, which have to be carried on foot from the corner of Oak Bay avenue or Charles street to the houses between these points, I think he would rise to the occasion and insist as an indignant ratepayer that some portion of the city's revenue be immediately expended in remedying the evil. I venture to say that in not another city, town or village of importance in Canada do any of its inhabitants find it necessary for comfort and safety to travel abroad of an evening with a lantern to guide their footsteps, or carry an alpenstock to test the bottom of the sundry dangerous and nearly impassable mud-holes which it is expedient to avoid. I feel ashamed, for the good name of the city, to make this confession, but such are the actual facts, which can be verified by enquiry or inspection—the latter preferred. Let our city fathers wake up, and take steps without further delay to wipe out this standing disgrace.

A ROCKLANDER.

OUT OF HARMONY.

TO THE EDITOR.—As a visitor at the opening of the House on Wednesday, I was surprised to find that while the Opposition were generally in their places, not a member of the Government, and few of their supporters, were present during the invocation so acceptably engaged in by the Rev. Coverdale Watson. This surprise, however, was heightened by the Minister of Education almost immediately thereafter—and when the ministers had silly slid into their seats—engaging in a disquisition of fifteen minutes' duration upon the need of religious instruction in our public schools. Without expressing an opinion upon such leading question, I was strongly impressed with a feeling that the cabinet ministers, by their absence from prayers—and surely they need them if anyone does—were missing a golden opportunity of setting a good example, always more potent than precept, and withal in the direction the minister assumed anxiety to lead.

GALLERY.

MR. GREIG'S EVIDENCE.

TO THE EDITOR:—Lest it may be thought that I acquiesce in the report of the Royal Commission, so far as it refers to myself, will you allow me to say that I do not hold the views attributed to me, except with important modifications; that in the commissioners' statement of my case I do not recognise my own evidence; and that I have no animus whatever towards the medical profession. I did remark, it is true, that the doctors have a pecuniary interest in vaccination, but I was careful to safeguard this by saying that I thought it was no more than the interest the Sugar Trust had in keeping up the price of sugar, for instance, and that I did not think a doctor would do what he believed to be wrong for the sake of a fee. I am surprised to find anyone prepared to deny that doctors have a pecuniary interest in vaccination. There must be a vast number of people here, especially those who had their arms pricked at $2.50 a head, who know better. A doctor must live, like other people, and he does not as a rule conduct his business on a benevolent basis. The report is at variance with itself on the question of medical uprightness, for in another place it severely taxes certain practitioners here with issuing false certificates. Why, then, it should be so hard on me is not very apparent on the surface. My own study on the subject has been purely theoretical; no disaster has been wrought in the case of my children. But there are many heads of families here who have acquired a valuable practical experience of the evils of vaccination. It is fitting that they should now come forward, and perhaps, seeing the powers that be are not impressed by theoretical evidence, it may be found that practical illustrations will have some effect upon them. It doubtless requires no small degree of moral courage to come forward, but this is still a free country, in spite of some appearance to the contrary, and surely moral courage is not an attribute lost to the present generation of British Columbians.

WM. GREIG.

Educational Hobbies.

CHICAGO, Feb. 23.—Educators throughout the country will be interested in the investigation that will be begun by the Chicago Board of Education this evening into so-called "fads," with which the school system of Chicago, in common with those of many other large cities, has become infected during the past few years. Several prominent members of the board have declared their intention of using their influence to limit the the public school course to such lines of study as will be of practical and pecuniary benefit to the pupils. The special "fads" to be made the objective point of the attack to-night are German, physical culture, calisthenics, singing, drawing, sewing and clay-modelling.

Formed a Suicide Club.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Feb. 23.—A suicide club was formed here last night with about 50 members. John Heart, a prominent cigar dealer, was chosen president, with Edward Cummings as secretary. They paraded the streets, each wearing a red ribbon with the skull and cross bones on it. Supper is to be held each year on Washington's birthday, when the member who draws the black ball must die within a year. The first supper took place last night.

MUNICIPAL AMENDMENT ACT.

Mayor Beaven's Bill Introduced in the House Yesterday Afternoon.

Mayor Beaven's bill to amend the Municipal Act, which was introduced in the House yesterday, provides that candidates for mayor, reeve, aldermen and councillors shall furnish the returning officer with a statement in writing, specifying the land or real property upon which they qualify.

Section 4 provides for the regulation of pounds.

Section 6 is to amend section 104 of the old act and reads as follows:

"(59a.) For providing for the health of the municipality, and against the spread of infectious and contagious diseases, or diseases of a malignant character:

"(59b.) For regulating, with a view of preventing the spread of infectious or contagious diseases, the entry or departure of boats or vessels, and the landing of passengers and cargoes from such boats or vessels, or from railroad carriages or cars, and the receiving of passengers or cargoes on board of the same:

"(59c.) For prescribing the duties of health officers and scavengers, and for definining the limits within which each scavenger shall perform his duties:

"(59d.) For regulating and licensing scavengers and chimney sweeps:

The object of the sections following the above is to give the cities power to purchase land outside of the city limits for the purpose of erecting hospitals, quarantine stations, crematories and homes for the aged and infirm.

Section 19 provides that debentures issued by the council may be made payable in currency or sterling money and either in Great Britain, the United States or Canada.

The municipal council of every city municipality may appoint a day or date upon or before which persons who pay the rate, rates or tax annually levied on land or improvements, or on real property, upon the assessment roll shall be entitled to a discount or reduction of one-sixth of the amount of the tax.

Section 24 gives the council power to collect licenses from exhibitors, fortune tellers, etc.

The following clauses refer to liquor licenses:

"229. No new license to sell wine, spirits, beer, or other fermented or intoxicating liquor, in any city municipality, shall be issued or granted under authority of sub-section (6) of section 204 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," unless, in addition to the other requirements and provisions in that behalf required by law, the following be obtained by the applicant for the license, and be deposited with the clerk of the municipal council at least 14 days before the sitting of the board of licensing commissioners as a licensing court:

"(a.) A petition or requisition in favor of granting such license, signed by the following persons owning land in the block of land within which the premises for which the license is sought and business will be carried on is situate:

"(1.) At least two-thirds of the lot owners resident in the city, and also by at least two-thirds of the wives (if any) of such lot owners living with them:

"(b.) The petition shall also be signed by the following persons owning land in the block of land on the same street, and opposite the block in which the said premises are situate:

"(2.) At least two-thirds of the lot owners resident in the city, and also by at least two-thirds of the wives (if any) of such lot owners living with them:

"(c.) If the premises for which the license is sought are situated on a lot at the corner of two streets, then, in addition to the above, the petition or requisition for the granting of such license must be signed by the following persons owning land in the blocks of land opposite to the corner lot upon which the premises are situate or the business will be carried on:

"(3.) At least two-thirds of the lot owners resident in the city, and also by at least two thirds of the wives (if any) of such lot owners living with them:

"(d.) A declaration, under oath, to the effect that the building, or portion of the building in use as a hotel or to be used as a hotel, has cost to erect not less than $25,000 cash, and that it will only be used for hotel purposes."

It is also provided that the commissioners may grant licenses to sell liquors at fairs, picnics, etc.

The other sections refer to technical matters.

Pocket Map of the Province.

The Dominion Publishing Company of Vancouver have just issued a pocket edition of Mr. L. Cass Woodman's fine map of British Columbia. The map is enclosed in a neat, stout cover, bearing on the outside the arms of the province, making a very convenient pocket companion. The map is up to date in every particular; a faithful and compendicus presentment of all that is known about the province, geographically. In the title corner is a concise, well-arranged epitome of political information, and statistics of the commercial, mining and other industries of the province. This handy edition of the map is multum in parvo, and will prove of much service to all who wish to "keep posted."

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The Russian-American-Hebrew Association has adopted resolutions protesting against the treaty with Russia now before the senate, on the ground that it contains a clause providing for the extradition of persons guilty of murder or of attempting to murder, a member of the Russian royal family. It is urged that under such a provision the Russian government might trump up a charge against any liberal person who is offensive to it and who may seek refuge here.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Snow! Slush! Cough! LANGLEY'S Balsam of Aniseed! Cured!

TO TAP THE SLOCAN MINES.

Kaslo People Want the Government to Complete the Wagon Road to Them.

Late News From the Rich Mining Country in the Eastern Part of the Province.

R. H. Green, a merchant of Kaslo, and G. O. Buchanan, proprietor of the Buchanan saw mill at Kootenay lake, two of the leading citizens of Kaslo country, are in the city. They came to the capital at the request of the citizens of Kaslo to lay the matter of the wagon road into the Slocan mining district from Kaslo before the Government and Legislature, and seek financial aid in having it completed. Speaking about the matter this morning Mr. Buchanan said:

"The road completed would be 30 miles in length and two-thirds of it have already been built. We expected that something would be done about the road last year, but nothing was, and the people took hold of it themselves. The people of Kaslo raised $10,000 among themselves, the Kaslo Townsite Company gave $5000 and advanced $5000 which is to be refunded and the mine owners in the Slocan district have promised $10,000 in ore when the road is completed. Well we had the road surveyed and laid out for the whole distance by Perry, Gray & Davys and let a contract for the building of it at the rate of $1110 per mile. We carried as I said for two-thirds of the distance and then the early snow came. We then had to leave the located line and run trails and snow roads through the valleys to the mines. These have served very well during the winter, but when the snow melts their usefulness is gone. Portions of the road already built will have to be gone over and fixed up and the remaining one-third of the line completed. The road will have to be a thoroughly good one, as we want to run ore teams of six horses carrying four and five tons over it. It will have to be a good road. We feel that we have done more than our share of this work and that it is only right that the Government should take up the rest of it and finish it. It is not a private enterprise but a public turnpike which will benefit all of the people. Mr. Green and myself will place the matter before Messrs. Kellie and Baker, our members, and have it laid before the proper authorities. It will require considerable money to complete the road and put the portion already built in good condition, but it will be money well spent."

"The Kaslo country" said Mr. Buchanan continuing, "is doing very well. They have been getting ore out all winter and with spring will come redoubled efforts. There is no doubt about the future of our mines. Experts refer to them as the wonder of the world. Our smelter is getting on well. It is stated that the only fear is that the smelter will be completed before the C.P.R. builds through the Crows Nest Pass and opens up a way to supply it with coke. The buildings are about completed. Their foundations are of massive stone and the roofs will be of iron. Two hundred tons of machinery has been on the ground since last summer. Dr. Hendricks, the manager, came out with us on his way to New York to confer with the directors of the company. Permanancy and perfection are aimed at and the smelter will be the finest one in the world of its size.

Kaslo itself is building up splendidly. Work this winter was pressed as fast as the weather would permit. We as well as the people of Nelson are agitating incorporation. The Kaslo townsite company has let a contract for the clearing of 100 acres of land. The telephone line from Nelson to Kaslo is completed, so with the aid of the telegraph line to Nelson communication is very satisfactory. The Kootenay and Columbia Steamboat Co., has purchased the opposition steamer Spokane and she is being fitted up for the opening of summer travel. We will, however, still have opposition as a new steamer is being built at Bonner's Ferry. Capt. Troup, manager of the Kootenay and Columbia Co., told me the other day that traffic on the Columbia would soon be open."

Two well known citizens were drowned in Kootenay lake about ten days ago. They were John Sandon and Kenneth McLeod. They took a boat to go to Ainsworth to the former's ranch to get some vegetables. A few days later the boat was picked up in the lake overturned, and it was later found that they never reached the ranch. Landon was fifty years of age and a partner of Joe Fletcher, a well known man there too. McLeod was sixty years of age, a prospector by occupation, and leaves two sons who live up there.

Do Not Miss

Reading this item. As Lange & Co. did not succeed in selling their business for the figure agreed to to their Eastern friend, nor in disposing of all of their stock this Christmas to the public, and as the building wherein they have conducted business for the last 17 years is to be destroyed shortly and a new one erected in place, under the circumstances Lange & Co. are obliged to reopen in their own place, No. 88 Douglas street, opposite Odd Fellows' hall. Reduced sales will continue until goods which are left are sold. Any one wishing to secure a good going business, established since 30 years, can do so at a very reasonable figure. And the new premises can be rented at a moderate rate. *

New Prints! New Prints!

We are showing new designs that are so handsome and original that you can not fail to be well paid for the time and trouble expended in looking over such a complete and attractive line of spring novelties, and our prices are all that the closest buyer could desire. John Partridge, Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street. *

Charts, tide tables, nautical books and almanacks at J. Johnson & Co. *

Opened an Office.

Dr. D. B. Holden has opened an office at the corner of Langley and Broughton streets. He recently arrived from the east.

Main Broke.

The water main on North Chatham street broke yesterday and a small flood followed. The corporation workmen repaired the break last evening.

Speedy Trials.

The four prisoners who were to be tried to-day for divers offences was brought before Mr. Justice Drake to-day, when the hearing was postponed until March 6th.

Ontario Sheep.

Robert Porter & Sons received 300 head of sheep from Ontario a few days ago. They were in splendid condition on their arrival here, having suffered very little on the long trip.

22 Cases.

Of new style boots and shoes for Russell, McDonald & Co., came over on the Islander last night. The whole lot will be thrown in the sale and sold at half price. Don't forget next Tuesday is the last day of their regular annual sale.

Fort Sheppard.

The City of Kootenay Land and Improvement Company, Limited, will open an office at 26 Fort street, in the Five Sisters block, on the 1st of March, next, when a limited number of lots in the town of Fort Sheppard will be offered for sale. *

Watson Asks for Time.

Watson and O'Neill, sneak thieves, brought up for speedy trial this morning, were again remanded till March 6th. Watson asked that he be allowed to write to his relatives in Los Angeles, Cal., for money for his defense. The court granted the request.

In Chambers.

The case of Peacock vs. Routledge, being an application of the plaintiff to sign judgment against the defendant under Order XIV, which was yesterday postponed, was disposed of to-day by allowing the plaintiff to amend the writ of summons, costs of summons to be paid by the plaintiff.

Sacred Concert.

A sacred concert and organ recital is to take place this evening at St. Barnabas church. The programme, which has already been published, contains the names of many popular vocalists. The Pandora street car passes the church. Organists Bridgeman and Johnston will contribute selections from the works of great masters.

Committed for Trial.

In the police court this morning Jas. McArthur and Hugh Bartley were committed for trial charged with stealing a gold watch chain from Jeweler Redfern. The chain is valued at $45. McArthur sold the chain for $5. He admitted this in court but denied the charge of theft. Bartley said that he was not guilty.

Knocked Down and Kicked.

A Chinaman, covered with blood and with a deep gash over each eye, appeared at the city lockup this morning. He said that he had been assaulted by a white man whom he described to the police. The assault was committed in Maynard's cabins, Johnson street. The Chinaman was passing, the white man caught hold of him, dragged him into a cabin, knocked him down on the floor, and began kicking him. The celestial was taken to a physician and his wounds were stitched. He may lose the sight of the right eye. The white man goes by the name of "Reddy." His other name is not known.

A Chinaman Has Equal Rights.

George Beckenbrink was convicted in the police court this morning of striking Ah Chong on the head with a beer bottle. One month in jail and $29 fine. Two witnesses swore that Ah Chong was the aggressor. A third witness swore that Beckenbrink assaulted the Chinaman without provocation. The court in sentencing Beckenbrink said that a man who would strike a Chinaman and then flee the country and cheat his own lawyer out of his fee would strike a woman or a child. A Chinaman was entitled to as much protection as the highest lady in the country.

T. R. Pedley was fined $12 for using obscene language to a police officer.

Destruction of Inverness Cannery.

Turner, Beeton & Co.'s cannery at Inverness, was destroyed by fire on the night of Feb. 7. Manager Stapleton and Theodore Robinson of the company arrived from Nanaimo at noon to-day, having came down from the cannery on the steamer Maude. From them the particulars were obtained. No snow had fallen and it was very dry, the thermometer being at 15 below zero. The fire caught from a spark from an Indian camp close by at 10 o'clock, and when it was discovered had a good start. It was impossible to do anything toward stopping the spread of the flames and the main cannery building and all the surrounding structures were burned to the ground. As stated it was very dry and the buildings burned rapidly. The employees could do little beyond standing by and watching the flames. The value of the property destroyed is estimated at $40,000, covered by an insurance of $34,600, placed in different companies. The cannery will no doubt be rebuilt.

ROUGH ROAD MADE SMOOTH.

Celestials Admit Their Guilt and Are "Let Off" With a Light Fine.

Magistrate Macrae was pleasantly disappointed this afternoon. There were 15 Chinese overcrowding cases on the dock, and things looked as if the court would have to sit till late this evening to get through with them. Experience had taught Magistrate Macrae that it takes a long time to prove a case of overcrowding against a celestial, and he came prepared for a long sitting. The case against Gin Wah was first called. Health Officer Chipchase and Constable Redgrave were each in the "box," and the case was proved in 30 minutes. Lawyer Aikman then consulted with the celestial and pleaded guty for the 13 other cases, for which he was counsel. Ten dollars fine and $2 costs was the sentence in each case. Tom Ling was the only celestial who did not appear. A warrant was issued for his arrest. Constable Redgrave worked up the case against the celestials while doing special duty in the health department.

CHIEF COMMISSIONER'S REPORT

Work Done by the Government During the Year 1892.

The report of the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for the year ending the 31st day of December, 1892, was presented to the Legislature yesterday. The first part is devoted to the conditions of competition for the plans for the new Government buildings and the result of the competition. The work done in the province during the year is given in detail.

During the year the following preemption records were granted: Victoria, 151; Cowichan, 21; Nanaimo, 14; coast, 78; New Westminster, 134; Yale, 1; Kamloops, 50; Osoyoos, 204; Lillooet, 21; Kootenay, 150; Cariboo, 43; Cassiar, 2; total, 869. Certificates of improvement: Victoria, 32; Cowichan, 22; Nanaimo, 8; New Westminster, 106; Yale, 1; Kamloops, 25; Osoyoos, 49; Lillooet, 9; Kootenay, 7; Cariboo, 13; total, 272. Certificates of purchase: Victoria, 315; Cowichan, 38; Nanaimo, 18; Comox, 2; coast, 68; New Westminster, 354; Yale, 2; Kamloops, 7; Osoyoos, 97; Lillooet, 56; Kootenay, 26; Cariboo, 14; Cassiar, 3; total, 1,000. Crown grants—Victoria, 243; Esquimalt, 1; Cowichan, 24; Nanaimo, 16; Comox, 1; Coast, 25; New Westminster, 225; Yale, 3; Kamloops, 51; Osoyoos, 69; Lillooet, 41; Kootenay, 104; Cariboo, 11; Cassiar, 4; total, 828. Timber cutting licenses—Victoria, 8; Coast, 10; New Westminster, 9; Osoyoos, 4; Kootenay, 3; total, 34. Timber, general—90. Coal prospecting licenses—Victoria, 12; Kamloops, 1; Osoyoos, 7; Lillooet, 5; total, 25.

The following table shows the increase during the last ten years:—

	1882	1891	1892
Pre-emption records	77	968	869
Certificate of Improvement	29	260	272
Certificates of purchase	201	863	1,000
Crown grants	129	685	820
Total acreage deeded	23,609	143,455	309,878
Acreage leased for timber cutting		51,124	112,094
Acreage covered by coal prospecting licenses		31,553	14,503
Letters received	1,617	5,224	5,321

The timber inspector's report shows that the total quantity of timber cut during 1892 subject to royalty, was:

64,186,820 feet, and the royalty thereon		$32,093 41
Rent from timber leases during 1892		31,673 63
And 34 special timber licenses at $50	1,700 00	
And 90 general timber licenses at $10	900 00	
		2,600 00
The total revenue from timber sources		$66,367 04
There have been issued 24 timber leases, covering 112 acres, the rental being		$11,269 40

St. Paul's Concert.

The concert in aid of St. Paul's Presbyterian church, Victoria West, on Tuesday evening, resulted most successfully in every respect, the attendance being large and the programme one of the best of the season. The playing—a piano solo and duet—respectively of Mrs. Cochrane and Misses McAdams and King was much admired. Miss Hutchison, in her usual attractive way, sang "Auntie," and as an encore "The Waters Speak as they Flow." Mrs. T. McCready's singing of "Jamie," and in response to a rapturous encore "Cleansing Firez," was very fine, fully sustaining the high expectations of this recent addition to Victoria's musical talent; Mrs. O. Turnbull's "Caller Herrin'" in character, with "Tyrol's Lovely Dell" as an encore, amused and delighted the audiance. Mr. J. G. Brown's singing of "The White Squall" and in answer to an imperative recall, "The auld pair o' tawse," needs no comment. Mr. J. Grant's "After Watch" and Mrs. J. Grant and Mrs. Moir's duet, "Whispering Hope" were sung with good effect. The Victoria Glee Club gave three pieces in their own inimitable style, amusing and delighting the audience.

Mrs. L. Hall played the accompaniments in her usual faultless manner.

Blue, white and gray enamelled iron ware at Weiler Bros.

Contractor Williams left by the steam launch Gorge for Ten Mile point this morning to make soundings for the erection of a wharf preparatory to the building of a powder magazine near that place for R. P. Rithet & Co.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

5 CENTS EACH.

THE WHOLE STOCK OF

McCall's Bazaar Patterns

Riding Habits, Ladies' Cloaks, Costumes, Waists, Skirts, Blouses, Etc., Misses and Childrens' Cloaks, and Dresses, Ladies' and Childrens' Underwear, Men's and Boy's Clothing, Underwear of all descriptions, Baby Linen.

These Patterns are worth from 15c. to 50c. each,

And will be sold at the above nominal figures for TWO WEEKS. Any unsold at that date will be destroyed to make way for new stock now on the way. At

Spencer's Arcade,
Government Street.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled

The steamship Tacoma leaves Yokohama for Victoria on Sunday.

Steamer Maude arrived at Nanaimo this morning and will come to Victoria this evening.

The sealing schooner Favorite will go to sea on Saturday. Capt. McLean will be in command.

The tug Constance goes to Feddar Bay to-morrow to resume work on the schooner C.H. Tupper. The schooner's condition remains unchanged and hopes are entertained that she will be ultimately raised from the rocks.

E. B. Marvin & Co, have received a letter from Capt. Cox in command of their schooner the Triumph. It was sent from Clayoquot. He says the weather has been terrible on the coast. During one gale the schooner was on her beam ends for 20 minutes. He says that little sealing has been done, as it was out of the question to lower the boats.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

St. Patrick's Day celebration committee meet on Monday evening.

The Uniformed Rank, Knights of Pythias, install officers this evening.

Communion service at 7:30 to-morrow morning at Christ Church cathedral.

No quorum Victoria Parliamentary Debating Society last night. Meeting adjourned a week.

C Battery and the firemen who pulled in the tug-of-war contest have been photographed by Savannah.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Hills, D.D., is now installed at 13 Grosvenor Gardens, St. Leonards-on-Sea, to which place all letters should be addressed.

The question of salvage claimed by the Brenda for rescuing the crew of the J. C. Ford is being settled at the United States Consul's office this afternoon.

Grand Lodge of Workmen meets in Chilliwack on March 13th. Grand Master Leiser will probably have returned from California by that time.

H. M. Hanaford, agent for Bill Nye and A. P. Burbank, is in the city to arrange for the appearance of those celebrated entertainers before a Victoria audience. They are likely to come about the end of next month.

Thomas Eagen, sealer, was arrested this afternoon charged with stealing a quantity of provisions from the schooner Brenda. Eagen was employed on the Brenda and took away the stolen booty in a row boat. The provisions have not been secured.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and from the City and Province.

R. Cunningham is down from the Skeena.

Jos. Fagan, customs of Vancouver, is in the city.

H. J. Scott returned from the Sound last evening.

Theo. Robinson came down from Inverness to-day.

Andrew Keating and wife, of Koksilah, are in the city.

Mrs. Kitchen came over from the Mainland last evening.

Capt. Palmer, R.C.A., came back from Vancouver yesterday.

Sheriff Thomas Armstrong, of Vancouver, returned to the Mainland last night.

A. C. Martin, of the firm of E. G. Anderson & Co., has returned from a visit to Glasgow.

Mayor Haslam, of Nanaimo, and E. J. Palmer, of Chemainus, registered at the Driard to-day.

Glasgow beef hams and finnan haddie by express at Jameson's, 33 Fort St.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Table Cuttlery

THE MOST COMPLETE LINES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Co.

The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society

Issues all the latest and most equitable forms of Insurance offered to the public.

New Business for 1892, - - $19,517,516.00
Insurance in force Dec. 31, 1892, 76,843,241.00

S. H. MATSON, Manager for Province of B. C.
OFFICE: 43½ GOVERNMENT ST.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M.S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS
CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS
Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up a office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES
VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

Mackie's Pure Highland Scotch Whiskies

MACKIE'S SELECTED LAGAVULIN.
MACKIE'S VERY RARE OLD SPECIAL.
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HOW ROYALTY TRAVELS.

The Pageant at Ballater Station. Procession on the Crimson Carpet.

The Queen's Coach and Waiting-Room—A Smooth and Noiseless Vehicle.

Ballater is the end of the seaside railway, and a stream of persons more or less distinguished is continually passing through the little station to and from Balmoral, the Queen's residence there.

When royalty arrives or departs it is unmistakable; and there has been a good deal of royalty at the seaside this season. The first hint that royalty is expected is the unrolling of a crimson carpet that stretches from the main entrance of the station to the line. From that moment small groups begin to gather in the square, summoned by the "little birds," time out of mind the bearers of secret intelligence. At least there has been no other messenger.

Policemen also appear as if by magic. They guard the sacred carpet, and however strong your curiosity to see the expected arrival, there is no use trying to enter the station or to approach it within certain limits. You are simply ordered back and retreat.

The Queen's train as it is made up at Ballater is somewhat imposing. It is drawn by two engines. Aside from the Queen's two carriages there are nine others, and, added to these, two guard and luggage vans.

Very nearly in the centre are the Queen's carriages. In entering the rear carriage you step into the compartment devoted to the women in attendance upon the Queen.

English railway carriages, perhaps it is needless to say, are entered from the side, being built on an entirely different plan from the American car. Ordinarily the

INTERIOR OF THE DAY COMPARTMENT OF THE QUEEN'S PRIVATE CAR.

steps are stationary, but those of the Queen's car are dropped like carriage steps and when unused folded into a leather box. The handles of the doors are heavily gilded and handsome.

All the compartments are thickly padded, walls and ceiling. The ceilings are all in white silk. This first compartment is upholstered in fawn and has two long couches which can be converted into four comfortable night couches. Here the Queen's dresser rides, together with one of the wardrobe maids. These wardrobe maids alternately do "night duty," i.e., one always sleeps within the Queen's call, and the one whose night it is to serve rides in this compartment a door at the other end leading directly into the Queen's bedroom.

The walls of this royal sleeping room are upholstered in dark red. The shades are green. So are the beds which stand, two of them, either side of the narrow passage at the upper end of the compartment. The Princess Beatrice always shares the compartment of the Queen. An electric bell is within the reach of the beds

A lavatory separates the bed and day rooms. This is finished in light wood and the bowls and other toilet receptacles are of silver plate.

The day saloon is upholstered in light blue silk of that vivid hue called "royal blue." Blinds and curtains are of blue; as are the lambrequins, surmounted with the royal arms. There is a long, wide couch of blue silk, three large, easy chairs and two tables, on one of which a bird was often placed. The second, for writing, etc., was supplied with stationary lamps, with blue shades.

A door opens from the day saloon into this compartment where the Queen's personal attendants ride. John Brown rode here, and it is now occupied by his successor, Francis Clark. There are four deep cushioned chairs which can be converted into night couches. These interiors are handsome and comfortable. Thick rugs cover the floors of all the compartments. I have seen the inside of a traveling caravan much more splendidly arrayed and doubtless at as high a cost relatively. But all is "solid," comfortably "English," Outside the body of each carriage is almost black, highly polished and bears in color the royal arms, the Scotch thistle and the star of India. The upper part is in panels of white and gilt, and there is a narrow curved cornice in black, with here and there a gilt lion's head or crown in high relief. The ends of the beams or whatever they may be technically called are also finished in large gilt lion's heads. The running gear is painted to imitate gilt.

The Queen's carriages are built with a view to noiselessness and the greatest possible smoothness of motion. They have five floors—two of wood laid upon each other at right angles, two of rubber and one of cork. The thick padding of the inside also tends to noiselessness. There are no brakes upon these carriages, but very powerful brakes are brought to bear upon the train from the engines and from the guards now in the rear. So the occupants are not subjected to those sudden jerks when stopping with which the most of us travellers are familiar.

The station master, Mr. Cowes, gave me an illustration of how smoothly and noiselessly they run. The carriages are usually kept at Aboyne, about twelve miles distant, during the Queen's stay at Balmoral, and are taken out for "runs" for a week or so preceding the time appointed for her departure. One summer they were kept at Ballater and Mr. Cowes went on one of these "runs." He was busy in the saloon, with the blinds down, and had told the men to start when they liked. He felt a slight motion and supposed they were simply shunting preparatory to starting, when upon lifting a blind he found he was half way to Aboyne.

As the train stood November 17, the day of the Queen's departure from Balmoral, I noticed the Queen's carriages were in the centre of the long train. Next the engine and guards' van came the two saloon cars, occupied by a Sheriff, directors and numerous officials representing the railway systems over which the train was to pass. These were followed by the saloon for the Queen's Indian secretary, Munshi Abdul Karim, and Indian attendants. Next came that devoted to the use of Sir Henry Ponsonby, her private secretary, Dr. Reid, her physician, and other gentlemen. Then the Queen's carriages, followed by that of the children of Prince and Princess Henry of Battenberg and attendants. The eighth saloon was for the ladies in waiting, the ninth for the dressers and ladies' maids, tenth for upper servants and pages, eleventh and last for manservants.

Everything was spick and span, the dusting of panels and polishing of windows being kept up till the very last minute—a handsome train, illustrative of the triumph of the Nineteenth Century over those dark ages when the few folk who ventured to travel entered upon their journey in great fear and discomfort, the church putting up prayers for their safety, as the English litany bears witness to-day.

The Queen has a waiting room at Ballater. It was fitted up about five years ago and finished on a day when she was expected. In fact figuratively speaking, the last blow of the hammer may be said to have mingled with the sound of her approaching train. The officials and workmen awaited anxiously her verdict.

"Charming!" was her exclamation as she entered. The walls are panelled in satin wood, polished but not varnished, alternating with dark wood. The softly toned ceiling is of thick paper, which gives the effect of stucco, with a white and guilt cornice. There are two pretty windows of stained glass, with the rose, thistle and shamrock, and in the centre the monogram V. R. I. found on all property pertaining to the crown. The double English rose and the Scotch thistle are also prominent in the ceiling. Plate mirrors are let into the walls above the fireplace, and at the opposite end there is a thick Persian rug and the furniture is Queen Anne, in dark red morocco. It is the walls of the lavatory, however, which are particularly fine, being made of Scotch fir, a handsome wood, worked in the old linen pattern.

Several smoking-rooms in English houses have since been finished in this wood and pattern, the owners having seen and admired these walls when guests of the Queen at Balmoral. Every appointment for the toilet is kept here, even to the toilet vinegar.

Tea is served in this waiting-room for the members of the royal family coming in on the trains. It is really a tasteful, cosy, homelike room, and when lighted up by a blazing fire of soft coal in its tiled grate it is "charming" as the Queen said.

The Queen's is not a fast train. Thirty-five miles an hour is its average or maximum. It used to be preceded by a pony engine; but of late years a new system has been adopted. There are ordinarily three men at work on the line in every one and a half miles. These are turned for the time into signal men, and whenever necessary additional men are placed. Each one is supplied with a white and red flag. They are so stationed that, together, they command the line, and as the train approaches each shows his white flag if all is clear; should there be any obstruction, he shows the red. When night comes on lanterns are substituted for flags—the white light for safety, the red for danger. So that really every foot of the line from Balmoral, or rather Ballater, to Windsor, is under supervision as the royal train moves on.

About three hours after the special the train left conveying the horses, donkeys, ponies and carriages—eight horse trucks, with three boxes in each, and a compartment for the man in charge, and four carriage trucks. The horses were blanketed and guarded as to their legs, the donkeys remonstrating after their fashion to the embarkation. The hostlers had a carriage to themselves. Everything was under the charge of the head coachman, Sands, a typical English coachman of extensive breadth, who might have stepped out from among his jolly company in Pickwick.

FRANK PAGE HUMPHREY.

BERLIN'S ROYAL NUPTIALS.

The Prince Friedrich Carl Wedded to the Princess Margarethe.

The royal wedding ceremony at the Imperial Court of Berlin on Jan. 25 of the Princess Margarethe, youngest sister of Emperor William, when she was married to Prince Friedrich Carl of Hessen, was gorgeous in the extreme. Princess Margarethe will celebrate her twenty-first birthday on April 25 next. She is the youngest of the eight children born to Emperor Friedrich, who succeeded Emperor William I. to the throne of the German Empire. She is a

PRINCE FRIEDRICH CARL.

PRINCESS MARGARETHE.

very pretty young woman, highly educated and an accomplished linguist. In Berlin she is known as a jolly good girl, full of life and an enthusiastic dancer. She has travelled extensively abroad and has paid several visits to her grandmother, the Queen of England. Since the Emperor's death Princess Margarethe has accompanied her mother on all her trips.

She met Prince Friedrich Carl of Hessen while he was serving as a lieutenant in the Guard Dragoner Regiment, then stationed in Berlin. It is said to have been a case of love at first sight. Neither her mother, Empress Friedrich, nor her brother, Emperor William II., knew of the attachment between the young people until after Prince Friedrich Carl had been accepted by Princess Margarethe.

The young Prince proposed to Princess Margarethe last summer while she was on a visit to Castle Philippsruh, his mother's home. When the Prince's father died he left five children, three boys and two daughters. The eldest son, Prince Friedrich Wilhelm, was drowned in Asiatic waters. He fell overboard during a storm. His body was never recovered. The second son, Landgraf Alexander, is an excellent musician and composer. He is blind. Prince Friedrich Carl is the youngest son. His sisters are the widows of the late Prince Leopold of Anhalt and Princess Sibylla, who is not yet sixteen years old.

A Contrast.

"That new brooch of yours, Mrs. Minker," said her candid friend, Mrs. Speakout, "if you don't mind my saying so, is the ugliest thing I ever saw."

"I know it," replied the brave little woman, cheerfully. "I wear it because my husband gave it to me for a Christmas present."

And Mr. Minker, listening in the room adjoining, remembered that he had given away to chronic loafers and office bores, with slighting and contemptuous remarks, the box of cigars his wife had presented him Christmas day, and he went out to the coal-shed and kicked himself.—Chicago Tribune.

Literature in Chicago.

A soulful poem was published in a Chicago paper the other day in which "bon mots" was made to rhyme with "Dr. Watts."

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QUEER AND CURIOUS.

The Minute Ridges on Finger Tips Furnish a Means of Identification.

Mr. Galton devotes his life to the elucidation of the queer and the curious. Undoubtedly there is nothing a man masters which is not of some benefit to his fellows, though centuries may elapse before the application comes. In this present volume Mr. Galton gives the results of a number of years of research, devoted to those tiny ridges of skin which appear in the ends of the fingers. They are the so-called "papilliary" ridges. Carried away by his enthusiasm, Mr. Galton declares that these markings "are in some respects the most important of all anthropological data." He makes, too, the statement that they "have the unique merit of retaining all their peculiarities unchanged through life, and afford in consequence an incomparably surer criterion of identity than any other bodily feature.

The presence of these minute ridges on the finger tips became the subject of physiological study long ago. Strangely chough, they are perfectly defined in monkeys, but appear "in a much less advanced stage in other mammalia." We know that the finger tips are studded with pores. There are an infinite number of mouths always open which lead to ducts that secrete perspiration. The ridges must assist touch, as they "help in the discrimination of the character of surfaces that are variously rubbed as held between the fingers. These ridges are visible in the child unborn; they increase with the growth of the individual, and are sharply defined until old age sets in. Moderate work develops them, and they are visible on the toes. They are faintly developed in the hands of ladies." The ensuing statement used by Mr. Galton is not fortunate, for he adds that "they are not visible on fingers of idiots of the lowest type, who are incapable of laboring at all."

What Mr. Galton wants to show is that through the prints made by the finger tips we have an absolute method of identification. As to that stupid thing, palmistry, our authority says it has no more significance than have the creases on old clothes. The ridges Mr. Galton divides into three categories of arches, loops, and whorls, and his book abounds in curious pictures of finger prints, magnified by means of the camera. It seems to us to be terribly complex. As no two persons' finger tips are considered to be alike, and as there is individualism in the fingers of the right and left hand, and there are ten fingers in all, there would have to be ten distinct examinations before an identification could be positive.

When one comes to the real practical use of the finger-mark method it seems to have none. If there be any reliance to be put in it as a means of identification it would require an expert having uncommon powers of observation. When we are told that there are "about thirty-five points (of resemblance) situated on the bulb of each of the ten digits, in addition to more than 100 on the ball of the thumb," it may be seen how troublesome the matter is likely to be. Then, as one has to work up over a thousand points on his own hands, or on somebody else's hands, hours, days and weeks might elapse before anything like a conclusion could be reached. Scientifically, when further treated, the subject may be of minor interest; practically, it has none at all. The book, of course, shows that dilligence and hard work which are common to everything Mr. Galton does, but, really, "the play is not worth the candle."—Literary col. N.Y. Times.

Scientific Jots.

The celebrated high electric light mast at Minneapolis, which is 257 feet high, has proved ineffective for lighting purposes, and is now no longer used.

One of the latest inventions in connection with the application of electricity to street car service is a self lubricating gear for trolleys, which needs no attention after being once put in operation.

Carbonic acid gas which is elected in large quantities from the earth, is being utilized in several localities. At Burgbrohl, near Coblentz, a carbonic acid spring opened during boring operations, and which is eight inches wide and some thirty or forty feet high, is being used in the impregnation of mineral waters.

The color of certain shrimps and crabs, and also the color of their eggs, are known to vary greatly with the surroundings. Those living in green sponges are much larger, lay vastly more eggs, which are also a little larger, and the shrimps are green or yellow, and the large claws are always orange-red, while those of the brown sponges are red, blue or brown.

Meaning of Words.

Speaking of the strange, eventful history of words, the Hartford Courant notes that "queen" originally meant simply woman, but now designates the most glittering place which the earth can bestow, while with the slightly different spelling of "queen" it stands for a woman of a different sort; so, too, "knave" at the start meant only a boy, as in the German form, "knabe" but, as boys go wrong sometimes, the word in time obtained an unpleasant meaning. The word "imp" might have been added as having had very much the same history as "knave" for, meaning first a scion or shoot it next stood for a child, and now it means an inferior devil, Lord Bacon spoke of "those most virtuous and goodly young imps, the Duke of Suffolk and his brother."

Durability of Pencil Marks.

The old-fashioned indiarubber is not of much use nowadays, for it will not rub lead-pencil marks out. The material that enters into pencils is greatly improved, and now the marks made are almost as indelible as ink. Somebody tells the following story in the Washington Post. "I remember that when in Vicksburg once a steamboat explosion occurred about 100 miles up the river. The vessel was called the Morning Star and was shattered, and several people were drowned. In a day or two afterward some of her drift came down; cotton bales, cabin chairs, doors, blinds, etc. Among the debris were a good many papers from the clerk's office. Strange as it may seem the action of the water had almost obliterated the writing in ink, while that traced by lead pencil was as plain as when put on the paper."

If They Had Only Known.

They are trying a man in Norfolk county, Massachusetts, on the charge of being an habitual criminal. He has already been sentenced to several terms of four years in the State prison. If he should get the twenty-five years sentence of the habitual criminal, his years of imprisonment will aggregate about sixty. It would have been easier and less expensive to have sentenced that man for life in the first place.

White Fox Fur.

A Vancouver furrier was exhibiting a short time ago what he claimed were the pelts of five white foxes. The man is an expert naturalist, and has been dealing in furs in the northwest for 40 years. He says these are the first white foxes he ever heard of, but he is absolutely sure the pelts are genuine fox skins. The conformation has been carefully preserved, and the big brush is, of course, attached. The fur is snow white, spotless and beautifully soft. The furrier bought them from a seal hunter who caught the foxes at the last station to the north of eastern Siberia, several hundred miles north of Petropaulovsky.

The Plain Truth

Is good enough for Hood's Sarsaparilla—there is no need of embellishment or sensationalism. Simply what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. If you have never realized its benefits a single bottle will convince you that it is a good medicine.

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THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING.

(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
Empress of China..	Feb. 15, 1893	Mar. 6, 1893
Empress of India...	Mar. 15, "	Apr. 3, "
Empress of Japan..	Apr. 12, "	Apr. 24, "
Empress of China..	May 3, "	May 15, "
Empress of India ..	May 24, "	June 5, "
Empress of Japan..	June 14, "	June 26, "
Empress of China..	July 5, "	July 17, "
Empress of India ..	July 26, "	Aug. 7, "
Empress of Japan	Aug. 16, "	Aug. 28, "
Empress of China..	Sept. 6, "	Sept. 18, "
Empress of India ..	Sept. 27, "	Oct 16, "
Empress of Japan..	Oct. 25, "	Nov. 13, "
Empress of China..	Nov. 22, "	Dec. 11, "

And about every month thereafter.

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails require a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

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On and after August 23rd, 1892,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

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Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island.....Thursday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

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S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, March 15, 1893, 2 p.m.

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TIME TABLE No. 17,

Taking effect April 1, 1892

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

G. A. CARLTON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

BOUND SOUTH. READ UP.

No. 1 Passenger Daily.		No. 3 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.		Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.
Ar. 12.30 P M		Ar. 6.55 P M		72	VICTORIA
12.20		6.45		71	BURNSIDE
12.10		6.34		68	GORGE
11.54		6.19		65	SUMMIT
11.50		6.15		64	PLEASANT VALLEY
11.40		6.05		62	HILLSIDE
11.35		5.59		61	QUADRA ST.
11.30		5.53		60	CEDAR HILL
11.17		5.40		57	COBBLE HILL
11.12		5.35		55	SHAWNIGAN LAKE
11.03		5.26		52	MALAHAT
10.57		5.20		50	GOLDSTREAM
10.51		5.14		48	ESQUIMALT
10.38		5.01		44	MILL STREAM
10.33		4.56		42	PARKSVILLE
10.28		4.51		40	QUALICUM
10.13		4.36		35	WELLINGTON
9.56		4.19		29	NANAIMO
9.45		4.08		26	NORTHFIELD
9.13		3.36		19	CHEMAINUS
8.54		3.17		14	OYSTER BAY
8.35		2.58		9	SHAWNIGAN
8.20		2.44		6	COBBLE HILL
		Lv. 2.30 P M		1	DUNCANS
				0	MAPLE STREET
					SOMENOS
					CHEMAINUS
					OYSTER BAY SIDING
					NANAIMO
					WELLINGTON

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.

No. 2 Passenger Daily.		No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.		Miles from Victoria.
Lv. 8.00 A M		Lv. 2.30 P M		1
8.04		2.34		1
8.14		2.44		11
8.20		2.50		18
8.24		2.54		22
8.34		3.04		32
8.37		3.07		34
8.47		3.17		41
8.52		3.22		45
8.57		3.27		49
9.07		3.37		56
9.12		3.42		59
9.23		3.53		65
9.28		3.58		68
9.35		4.05		72
Ar. 11.50		Lv. 6.15		
Lv. 11.50				
Ar. 12.15 P M		Ar. 6.40		

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

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A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
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SPEED 18 knots	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			TONNAGE 1117
8 00 am	Lv	MI	...Tacoma...	110 Ar 5 45 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	...Seattle...	82 Lv 3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38 Lv 11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria...	MI Lv 8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route.
S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	MI	..Tacoma...	132 Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	38	...Seattle....	100 Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend..	55 Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	..Anacortes..	21 Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	..Fairhaven..	3 Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	....Sehome...	1 Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom...	MI Lv	6 00 am

Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI		Ar	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...Seattle....	58 Ar	3 00 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	..Port Madison	47 Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	...Kingston...	41 Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	..Port Gamble.	21 Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	..Port Ludlow.	13 Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	Pt. Townsend	MI Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‡ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent
Victoria B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent,
121 First St. cor Washington, Portland Or.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

Schooner "Oscar and Hattie"

—ON—

Saturday, Feb. 25th, at 11 a.m.

By order of the Admiralty Court of B. C., I am instructed to sell by auction at the salesrooms, of Mr. Geo. Byrnes, Fort and Langley streets, Victoria,

The above mentioned fine schooner, 81 tons register nett, built in Essex, Massachusetts, U. S., of oak, together with all sails, rigging, anchors, chains, boats, guns and outfit, and sundry stores now on board. Inventory may be inspected at my office

J. E. McMILLAN,
fe20 Marshal in Admiralty.

HE GOT THERE.

Two Incidents in the Life of a Busy Business Man.

Friend.—My dear fellow, why do you work like a galley slave eighteen hours out of the twenty-four?

Busy Man.—Because it's my ambition to see the day when I can live in an immense house and have lots of company!

(And a few years later his ambition was realized.)

He Was from London.

He was from London. That is to say, he was unobtrusively from London. He did not go about proclaiming his city as the greatest in the world, but, whenever occasion offered itself, he would put in a word about the Tecumseh House or McNeill's White crested Black Polands or some other excellence. He would do this in a self-satisfied sort of a way that was exasperating, but not offensive enough to warrant picking a fight with him.

Dinner time came, and he went into the hotel dining-room with a couple of Toronto friends. "I think," he said, "that I will drink a bottle of beer, "Will you join me?" The friends would, and three bottles were ordered.

The London man leaned back in his chair, "I want to say right here," he began "that we make the greatest beer in the world down in our town. Now, I've been drinking your Toronto beer to-day, and I must say that it's rotten—simply rotten. It's N. G. We can give you cards and spades when it comes to making beer."

The waiter brought in the beer and opened it. The London man took up his glass, held it up to the light and looked through it critically. "See there," he said, "this Toronto beer of yours is muddy. It has no life. It's made mostly of water. There are no hops in it. As I said before, its rottenbad beer."

"Don't like that beer, eh?" asked one of the Toronto men.

"Nop; it's bad. It don't taste like our sparkling London Beer."

"That's funny," remarked the other Toronto friend, "seeing that this beer was bottled and made at your biggest and best-known London Brewery."

And for the first time in the course of a varied and exciting career the London man didn't know what to say.

He Was Suspicious.

"Even a statesman is picked up sometimes," remarked the M.P. to a crowd of listeners. "On one occasion I was going over my district to get posted, and in my rambles I ran across an old fellow away up on the headwaters of a creek. He was hoeing corn in a field near the road, and I stopped to talk with him.

"'Good morning,' I said pleasantly.

"'Mornin',' he responded, but never stopped his hoeing.

"'Right nice looking field,' I remarked.

"'Might be wurs,' he replied, still hoeing.

"'Excuse me,' I ventured, 'but I'm the member of Parliament from this district."

"'Air you?' he asked, still hoeing. 'I voted fer you.'

"'I'm much obliged, I'm sure,' I said. 'I'm up here now taking a look over the country.'

"'Well, I hain't no objection,' he said, still hoeing, 'ef you don't take nothin' else,' and he looked at me so suspiciously that I bade him good-day and rode on."

A Husband's Feeble Joke.

They were coming downtown in the Electric, and as they neared Yonge street she arose to leave the car. Near the door she turned, with the not unusual wifely injunction:

"Now, John, you will mail those letters at once, won't you?"

John varied the customary response by saying, promptly:

"No!"

Then, while the passengers gazed breathlessly at him and his wife grew pale with fear of his mental collapse, he added soothingly:

"I'll not mail them at once, but I'll mail them at the post-office."

And such a dull thing is the masculine sense of humor that half the men in the car chuckled over the witticism.

It is not what its proprietors say but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does that tells the story of its merit. Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES.

A MEMORIAL FOR OTTAWA.

The Dominion to be Asked to Share Part of the Smallpox Burden of Last Year.

Loan By-Law to Take Up the Surface Drainage System Urged by Several Aldermen.

There was a little fun at the opening of the regular meeting of the City Council, which all of the aldermen attended last evening. When the members assembled they found their seats and desks arranged in the old semicircular formation and they had considerable difficulty in finding their individual desks. Objection was made to it immediately and the Mayor after stating that the board had voted that the seats remain as they were, stated that he would have them put back in order.

The finance committee recommended the payment of accounts amounting to $4,487.46 and reported having paid small wages accounts amounting to $46 35. Both took the usual course.

The street committee presented a report on a number of applications. They recommended in every case that the petitioners be notified that there were no funds, or referred to the Local improvement By-law, The matter of a bridge on Gardner road was referred to the city engineer for an estimate.

The following report from Mayor Beaven and Ald. Munn the special committee named to draw up a letter to the Dominion Government.

That it is the duty of the Dominion authorities to provide against the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases from foreign ports into Canada.

That the only quarantine station in Canada upon the Pacific Coast is the on at Albert Head on Vancouver Island, which is totally unfitted and inadequate for the purpose. That in consequence of such inadequacy and of the insufficiency of the quarantine regulations, smallpox was in the past year introduced into Victoria by the Chinese landing in the province from steam vessels arriving from Asiatic ports, thereby entailing an expenditure upon the City of nearly $60,000, causing loss of life and great loss of business and trade to the people of the City.

That the steamship Tacoma which recently arrived from China and Japan, brought from 90 to 100 Chinese and Japanese. That five cases of smallpox developed amongst them. That when landed in Victoria by leave of the quarantine officer, the City has been put to the expense and inconvenience of taking sixty of these people to their suspect station at Ross Bay, in order to disinfect both their persons and baggage before allowing them to mix with their people in the City.

That the Chinese passengers on the Flintshire, a still more recent arrival from Asia, have developed smallpox.

That the introduction of smallpox into the City has been due to the arrival of Chinese direct from Asia, from whose importation the Dominion Government collected and added to its revenue last year a sum in the neighborhood of $80,000, whilst the City, which derived no revenue from these people, had to bear the expense of suppressing that disease.

That if the primitive and unreliable condition of Dominion quarantine arrangements at Albert Head is allowed to continue an injury will be done to the city and province, which will not be easily repaired.

That in the interests of public safety and the present and future prosperity of the city, the Dominion Government be urged to hasten the completion and equipment of a modern quarantine station for this province, and one from which the Chinese cannot escape in order to avoid payment of the head tax.

That in the meantime the utmost precautions be taken on the arrival of foreign vessels to prevent the introduction of contagious or infectious diseases, and that the city be reimbursed some portion of the extra expense incurred by it in consequence of the inadequate quarantine arrangements of the Dominion.

Your committee are of opinion that the Dominion Government should reimburse the city to the amount of at least $25,000 for the expenditure which devolved upon the municipal authorities last year in suppressing a disease which would not have been introduced into the city had the Government of Canada fulfilled its obligation under the British North America Act and Terms of Union with reference to quarantine matters.

Your committee recommend that if this report be approved and adopted, a copy thereof be forwarded to the representatives of the city in the Parliament of Canada with the request that should they approve they may move the Dominion authorities to partially reimburse the city in the manner indicated, and to adopt efficient means to prevent a recurrence of the introduction of similar diseases into the province. (Sg'd) ROBERT BEAVEN, Mayor.
H. A. MUNN.

Mayor Beaven said after the report had been drafted that another instance illustrating the constant danger the city was in had come under his notice. He said that after every precaution had been taken in the case of the steamship Flintshire she went to Tacoma where a case of smallpox developed and she had to put to sea and return to Asia. The report was adopted.

A letter from the joint committee of the Union and Victoria gun clubs was read. It asked for a $300 donation to aid in properly conducting their forthcoming tournament. The mayor favored the matter as did Ald. McKillican who moved that the matter be granted. Ald. Henderson seconded the motion. Ald. Bragg thought the matter all right but wanted the streets improved first. He mentioned Oak Bay Ave and Rockland Ave. as shining examples of what he meant. The motion was declared out of order but a motion to refer the matter to the finance committee was carried by a unanimous vote.

Yates, Jay & Russell, solicitors for Mrs. Jenson wrote about their claim for $2,500 for damages to that lady's property on Superior St., caused by overflowing from the bad drainage. It was explained that the old council had left the matter for the present council. Ald. Henderson explained the body of water referred to was known as "Lake Superior" and justly so. He thought the district could be drained and at a low cost. "I think," said the alderman continuing, "that it is about time we should go before the people with a by-law to raise money to carry on the surface drainage system. On Cook and View streets, the Work estate and here in James bay also it is badly needed. We cannot carry these things along without a general revenue."

Here the old report of City Engineer Wilmot, made last December, was read. He described the district as a natural depression in which the surface drainage accumulates. He said a drain along Oswego street would remedy. One of brick would cost $4300 and one of wood $2000. He favored the former.

The letter will be acknowledged and the promise given that the matter will receive attention at an early date.

Deputy Attorney-General Arthur G. Smith wrote asking what the council proposed doing with the claim of Dr. Watt, junior. Ald. Miller said that when the matter was last before the board of health he understood that Dr. Watt was to submit an amended bill. The aldermen agreed with him, and on his motion the deputy attorney-general will be told the council is waiting for it.

Ald. Miller moved that a committee be appointed to confer with the Government and secure land upon which to build a morgue. In support of the motion, he said a morgue was needed, the city had no property upon which one could be built, and that the Provincial Government needed one.

Ald. Belyea was opposed to putting buildings on property owned by the Provincial Government. He favored, however, that the motion be made general for a joint ownership.

Ald. Miller said there would never be any contention over the property.

Ald. Baker, McKillican and Belyea said a building could not be put up on anybody else's property, and the latter's amendment to make the proposition general was adopted after having been accepted by Ald. Miller.

Ald. McKillican's resolution making provision for the salaries of city employees was adopted.

Ald. Henderson's motion to require the telephone company to either plant its poles or fill up the holes and cart off the poles, then came up.

Ald. McKillican said the company could not go ahead until the weather moderated. A long discussion followed, during which the rights of the company and city were discussed. The resolution finally carried.

Ald. Munn's resolution favoring the direct election of the license commissioners. He said in support that the temperance question should be separated from purely civic matters. They did not agree, and could never be made to harmonize. He said that a board of license commissioners elected by the whole people would naturally represent their views. Ald. Bragg and Baker made speeches in favor of it.

The Mayor said the question was a difficult one to decide just what was best to do. The proposed plan had not always been a success as it led to conflict between the temperance and saloon elements, The resolution carried.

Health Officer, George Duncan, M.D. presented a report on the Flintshire case, containing the facts a little fuller than stated by the mayor. The report will be added to the letter to the Dominion Government.

A petition from the residents and property owners in the neighborhood of View and Douglas streets, asking that the View street drain be repaired, was read. Aldermen McKillican, Styles and Belyea all agreed that something should be done and urged action.

Ald. Baker was opposed to taking the money out of the general fund. He was in favor of going before the people for a loan.

Ald. Miller agreed that it was time to bring up such a proposition.

Ald. Munn finally moved that the matter be tabled until the council takes up the surface drainage system. It was so voted and the board adjourned. It was just five minutes to eleven.

Victoria Couple to Separate.

Annie Griffith began proceedings in the superior court yesterday to obtain a divorce from her husband, William B. Griffith. who, she says, is a habitual drunkard, says Wednesday's Post-Intelligencer. The complaint sets forth that the couple were married in Victoria, B.C., in June, 1890, but that almost from the date of their marriage the husband has been a habitual drunkard. All the property at 803 Madison street, which is the family residence, is in Mrs. Griffith's name, and the plaintiff claims that unless the defendant is enjoined from entering the house or molesting the plaintiff he may do her bodily harm. She filed an affidavit to this effect, and applied for a restraining order.

Prefers Darkness to Light.

LONDON, Feb. 22.—At the parliamentary election in Stockport to-day, to fill the seat left vacant by the death of Louis J. Jenning, Conservative, Mr. Whiteley, Conservative, received 5264 votes, and Major Sharp Hume, Liberal, 4799.

Sicilian Thugs Punished.

PALERMO, Feb. 22.—The trial of Mala Vita criminals closed on Monday, with the sentencing of 104 persons to terms of imprisonment of between one year and six years.

Women are not slow to comprehend. They're quick. They're alive, and yet it was a man who discovered the *one* remedy for their *peculiar* ailments. The man was Dr. Pierce.

The discovery was his "Favorite Prescription"—the boon to delicate women. Why go round "with one foot in the grave," suffering in silence—misunderstood—when there's a remedy at hand that isn't an experiment, but which is sold under the *guarantee* that if you are disappointed in it, you can get your money back by applying to its makers.

We can hardly imagine a woman's not trying it. Possibly it may be true of one or two—but we doubt it. Women are ripe for it. They must have it. Think of a prescription and nine out of ten waiting for it. Carry the news to them!

The seat of sick headache is not in the brain. Regulate the stomach and you cure it. Dr. Pierce's Pellets are the Little Regulators

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Large line of lace curtins in white and ecru just received by Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.).

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL

(Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH IFIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the mos economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the lagest tonnag are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL.
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

The Conservatory of Music.
MISS L. ADAMS, PRINCIPAL.
97 Quadra street,
Competent and Experienced Staff of Teachers
SINGING, HARMONY, PIANO, ORGAN VIOLIN, MANDOLIN & GUITAR.
Applications to be made to the Principal.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Cobban's Printing Office
Telephone 192.
38 FORT STREET.

The Finest FAMILY Grocery Establishment in B.C. is that of
HENRY SAUNDERS
39 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.
Give him a call and inspect his well selected stock of Fine Groceries and Table Luxuries.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT
that your advertisement is not
IN THE TIMES?

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?
The best investment a business man can make is a judicious expenditure in newspaper advertising. It is better than real estate. If only a small ad. is wanted try a card in this column.

New England Bakery.
116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.
The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is
Now Open Day and Night
AT THE OLD STAND.
THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.
YOUNG BROS.

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad street, between Johnson and Fand streets
VICTORIA B. C.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

GOING TO
Jewelers or so-called Opticians for Glasses is equivalent to going to a Blacksmith for Jewelry. If your vision is defective consult the
ONLY OPTICIANS
F. W. Nolte & Co.
(Successors to Hyams)
27 FORT STREET

The Sower
Has no second chance. The first supplies his needs — if he takes the wise precaution of planting
Ferry's Seeds
Ferry's Seed Annual, for 1893, contains all the latest and best information about Gardens and Gardening. It is a recognised authority. Every planter should have it. Sent free on request.
D. M. FERRY & CO., Windsor, Ont.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between James Chapman and Herbert Small as restaurant keepers, at the Queen Restaurant, Store Street, Victoria, has this day been dissolved. The said Herbert Small will continue the business on his own account and pay all liabilities of the late firm.

Dated this 21st day of February, 1893.

JAS. CHAPMAN,
H. A. SMALL.
WITNESS—THORNTON FELL. 3t

TAKE NOTICE that we, William Gordon Stevenson and John Boyd Jones, shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, on Wednesday, the 8th day of March, 1893, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by us at the premises known as the Pritchard House, situate on the north-east corner of Government and Yates Streets, in the City of Victoria, upon portion of Victoria City Lot No. 162, to John Boyd Jones, of Yates Street, in the City of Victoria, for the sale of malt and spirituous liquors by retail at the said premises hereinbefore mentioned.

Dated the 4th day of February, 1893.

WILLIAM GORDON STEVENSON.
JOHN BOYD JONES.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to Robert Dudgeon and Harry Brice, of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated the 31st day of January, 1893.

W. J. HAMBLY,
ja31-1m F. W. GILBERT.

To the Board of Licensing Commissioners:

I, the undersigned Frederick James Dawley, of the City of Victoria, hereby give notice that it is my intention to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for a license to sell wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail, in a certain building used or intended to be used for an hotel, and containing upwards of thirty rooms, and which said building is known as "The Osborne House," and is situate and built on Lot 149 in the City of Victoria, at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard Streets, in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 6th day of February, 1893.

td FREDERIC JAMES DAWLEY.

"Land Registry Act."

Section Fifteen (15), Range One East, South Saanich District, excepting three acres thereof as described in a conveyance dated the 16th day of January, 1873, and made between George Thomas, of the one part, and Alexander Caulfield Anderson and William Thomson, of the other part.

A Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to George Thomas on the first day of March, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 23rd November, 1892. n25-3t

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned intends to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held on Wednesday, the 8th day of March next for a license to sell wines spirits, and other liquors in the hotel premise situate on Lot 129, Block B, Store street, Victoria, and known as the "Janion Hotel," which hotel contains fifty rooms.

JOHN TURNER.
Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1893.
Jan31

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—:—- FOR FAMILY USE, —:—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

Do You Write for the Papers?
If you do, you should have THE LADDER OF JOURNALISM, a Text-Book for Correspondents, Reporters, Editors and General Writers.
PRICE, 50 CENTS.
SENT ON RECEIPT OF PRICE, BY
ALLAN FORMAN,
117 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.
State where you saw this and you will receive a handsome lithograph for framing.

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

Paid up Capital, $250,000. Reserve, $80,000.

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

ja19-1m

The Stanley House

NOTWITHSTANDING the big sales advertised by some of the merchants, we are doing a good business and will continue to do so, for the simple reason that every one who examines our Stock can see at once that the goods are as cheap (except the lines that are cheaper) as any house in the City.

Our Winter Stock, such as Jackets, Millinery, Furs and Heavy Dress Goods, we are selling regardless of cost at prices below anything before offered.

The celebrated Bretange and Gascogne Kid Gloves, manufactured by Perrin, Freres & Co., (the acknowledged best Kid Glove manufactured in the world) we are selling at $1.00 and $1.25, every pair of which we guarantee.

To make room for the large stock now being purchased by MR. HAMPSON in Europe, we will offer for the next 30 days some of the Best Goods at the Lowest Prices ever seen in Victoria Do not fail to see our Stock before making your purchases.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Stanley House,

CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Property at Moderate Rates of Interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

—APPLY TO THE—

North British Canadian Investment Co.

LIMITED,

ARTHUR ROBERTSON,

oc8 Agent, 6 Bastion Square, Victoria.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR,

Largest Stock of New Goods and at very Low Prices.

Fresh Importations by Every Steamer.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer.

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C

AT THE WORLD'S FAIR CHICAGO

The B. C. Directory for 1893 looks so well that the Publishers have decided to place several copies with the exhibit for British Columbia at the World's Fair. The work comes from the press of the

VICTORIA PRINTING COMPANY, 47½ Government St.

Argyle House.

NEW GOODS

2 Bales Flanelette.

2 Bales Ginghams.

Flanelette, 12 yards for $1.00
Ginghams, 10 yards for $1.00
White Calico, 36 inches wide, 12 yards for $1.00.
Brown Holland, 10 yards for $1.00
White Satin Stripe Muslin, 12 yards for $1.00.
Unbleached Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 5 yards for $1.00.
White Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 25c. a yard.
Lace Curtains, 50c. a pair.
White Quilts, 85c. each.

J. Horner & Co.

You

Need a pair of Gum Boots or Rubbers, to protect you from the "beautiful" —as it is called by people who don't have to shovel sidewalks.

A. B. Erskine,

Corner of Government and Johnson Streets, has the best assortment in the City.

Try Him.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

BILLIARDS.

LAST NIGHT' TOURNAMENT.

The billiard tournament at the Hotel Victoria stands:—Steinfeldt, 250; Manning, 237; Stafford, 250; Howard, 227; Patton, 250; Ferry, 180. Play will be continued this evening.

Ex-Mayor Grant defeated "Bob" Campbell in a three-ball carom match at the Driard last night. Score 300 to 278. J. H. Lynch refereed.

"Gus" Hartnagle and Walter Borns will play a pyramid pool match, three out of five, at the Driard to-night. The winner will be matched against Harry Langelier of Winnipeg.

THE TURF.

AMERICAN TATTERSALL'S SALE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 23.—The February Tattersall's sale opens this afternoon and will continue for two days, some of the best trotting stock in the country being listed for sale. In the consignment is the stallion Monbars, 2:11¾, now four years old; record was made last year. Others in the sale are the mare Pixley, 2:16, in foal to Monbars; Vatican, 2:18; Promoter, 2:17; Pilgrim, 2:20¾; LaTosca, 2:25; Benoni, 2:24¼; Classic, 2:29¼; Susetta, 2:28, and Blackstone, 2:30.

AQUATICS.

THE CANOE CLUB.

The Victoria Canoe Club adopted by-laws and constitution last night. The canoe house will be ready in a few weeks. It will hold 70 canoes. The colors of the club are red, white and blue. These colors are arranged diagonally in the flag and the letters "V.C.C." are in red.

THE RING.

NO USE FOR THEM.

NIAGARA FALLS, Ont., Feb. 23.—The chief of police has been instructed by the police magistrate to arrest or order out of the neighborhood the Corbett-Mitchell party. Proprietor Bamfield will decline to permit articles to be signed on his place.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET.—Twenty acres of fine "market garden" land, three miles from city. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—Ten acres of very fine land, suitable for chicken or small fruit ranch, all cleared, well drained and under cultivation, six miles from city, on Saanich road. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

FOR SALE—Ten roomed house, new, two minutes from Oak Bay avenue tram line, will be sold for $1000 less than would have been taken a year ago. Apply to Dalby & Claxton. fe23-tf

TO LOAN—Money in large or small sums upon first mortgage by the "Yorkshire Guarantee and Securities Corporation." Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

WANTED—Insurance upon merchants, stocks, household goods, dwellings and stores by the Alliance Assurance Co. (capital $24,000,000). Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

WANTED—ONE THOUSAND lives to insure in the Great Western Life Assurance Co. Dalby & Claxton, agents. fe23-tf

WANTED—A boy who writes a good hand to assist in store. Address P. O. Box 142. fe23-tf

A PARTNER wanted in a good business. Small capital required. Address W. W. this office. fe23-tt

TO LET—Two front rooms, very quiet; no other roomers, 80 Chatham street, first house round the corner from Blanchard. 1t

DR. D. B. HOLDEN Has opened an office at the corner of Langley and Broughton streets. f23

TO LET—Two or three rooms and kitchen, well furnished, 63 superior street, James Bay. fe23-tf

WANTED—Situation by a competent housekeeper, good seamstress, can work sewing machine. Address L. M. N., TIMES office. fe23-3t

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to 4 p.m. on Monday next, 27th inst., for the erection and completion of a 1½ story frame building for the Okell & Morris Fruit Preserving Co., Ld. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of Messrs. Morrow, Holland & Co., on and after Friday, the 24th inst. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

SAMUEL M. OKELL, Secretary.

fe23-1t

CALL IN AND EXAMINE OUR NEW SYSTEM

5 PER CENT. RETURNED

ON ALL AND EVERY PURCHASE MADE AT

Franck's Grocery

COR. FORT & QUADRA STS.

TELEPHONE 204.

DESPATCH USED IN DELIVERY OF GOODS.

AT THE CAPITAL.

A Pleuro-Pneumonia Report—British Columbia's Wants.

OTTAWA, Feb. 23.—The preliminary examination of Nicholas Connolly, of Larkin, Connolly & Co., before discovery in the criminal proceedings, which commence here next month, was made to day in the Exchequer Court. Although put through a severe examination by B. B. Osley, the Government's counsel, Connolly said he knew nothing about the matter. The $25,000 notes of the firm might have been used for political influence, but he could not say. Mr. Lash appeared for Connolly.

At the meeting of the committee on agriculture and colonization to-day an article from the Edmonton Bulletin was read, stating that pleuro-pneumonia was reported in the Peace River district from western Alberta. The matter was laid before Minister Angers, who has promised to get an expert to look into the matter at once. It is thought here that the disease must be tuberculosis.

The B. C. members waited on the Premier and the Minister of Finance yesterday and asked that several things be done for the province. They secured a half promise that the Darcy Island lazaretto would be taken over by the Government, and an assurance that the questions of railway aid, postal facilities on the coast, etc., would be considered. Minister Foster told the deputation that he thought British Columbia was fairly treated in the matter of public expenditure.

ONE MORE CASE DEVELOPS.

A Dry Goods Clerk Has Smallpox—Efforts to Break the Coal "Combine."

VANCOUVER, Feb. 23.—Another case of smallpox was discovered this morning on Keefer street. The patient's name is Alonzo Peters. He worked in a dry goods store till a month ago, since which time he has been idle. He was removed to the isolation hospital. There is no clue as to where he got the contagion. All the people at Keefer's quarry have been quarantined. It is thought that Nettleton got the disease from having kept the clothes of a comrade who died last summer of the disease.

A prospectus has been issued of the Consumers' Coal Company, and the promoters are confident of carrying the scheme through, which will cut considerably into the business of the coal "combine."

The provincial tax collector is claiming $750 personal property lost on the water works plant. The claim will be disputed.

The formation of a shingle trust has been delayed through one manufacturer standing out, but the others are making arrangements with the Retail Lumbermen's Associatiation of Manitoba and the Northwest that it is hoped will make the trust a necessity.

INCREASING IMPORTANCE.

The Mainland Wants Three Resident Supreme Court Judges.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Feb. 23.—Sergeant Fife returned to Regina to-day, having in custody A. C. Abbs, the absconding lawyer of Moose Jaw.

The Board of trade held the annual election of officers last night. They are as follows: President, T. J. Trapp, re-elected by acclamation; vice-president, John Wilson, by acclamation; secretary-treasurer, D. Robson, by acclamation. Council: C. E. Woods, E. A. Wyld, C. G. Major, W. A. Keary, John Reid, D. J. Munn, W. A. Duncan, D. S. Curtis. Board of arbitration, H. Hoy, G. D. Brymner, W. J. Walker, E. A. Jenns. The board decided to award the promised $50 to the Kildonan for making the passage through the ice. It was moved and carried that in consequence of the increasing wealth and population of the mainland of British Columbia, the law requiring the residence of three Supreme Court judges on the mainland should be enforced, and that the Minister of Justice be earnestly requested to take the necessary steps in that behalf, and that the clerk attach a copy of this resolution to a memorandum to be submitted from the barristers of the mainland to the department of justice.

Surrey council will elect a clerk on Saturday. There are 17 applications for the position, which is worth about $600.

The new tramway short line to Vancouver is nearly finished, and trams will be running over it next week.

A. J. Martin, manager of the B. C. cannery, was married last night to Miss A. J. Kelly, niece of Rev. S. J. Kelly.

In the aldermanic election yesterday H. Hoy was elected by 100 votes, against H. Handcock, 42.

POOR MEN GRAND JURORS.

Hardships Worked by Selecting Men of Small Means—Northfield Americans Celebrate.

NANAIMO, Feb. 23.—The American citizens at Northfield celebrated the anniversary of George Washington's birth last night by a grand ball given in the school house.

A concert was given in the Temperance Hall last night by Onward Lodge, I.O.G.T. An excellent programme was given.

A gentleman who recently sat on the grand jury at the special assize, asked the TIMES correspondent to-day: "Can't you give someone a hint through your paper about selecting a poor hard working man to sit on a grand jury without giving him a cent for it?" Several men were selected for the grand jury, who could ill-afford to lose a days' work. One man had only just started work after a few months' idleness, and he had a wife and eight children to support, yet he had to quit work and attend the assize on a summons. The man said: "I would not so much mind the petit jury, as I should get $2 per day, but I think those who are responsible should select persons in better circumstances, to sit on a grand jury."

Another demonstration that Nanaimo should have a dry dock could be seen yesterday, as the bark Wilna was beached for repairs.

About $398.10 has been collected for the Protestant Orphans' Home in Victoria.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads color labels, etc., etc., go to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, upstairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office.

Do You

WANT A

FRUIT OR CHICKEN RANCH

IN 5 OR 4 ACRE BLOCKS.

Half hour from the City Hall.
Good Roads. Good Water.
$100 Cash; balance spread over 6 or 8 years.

J. E. CRANE & CO.,

30 BROAD ST. AGENTS.

I. X. L. COMPOUND

To Fruit Growers and Gardeners

Now is the time to spray your trees and destroy insect pests and have healthy fruit trees next season, by using

I. X. L. COMPOUND,

The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

NICHOLLES & RENOUF, VICTORIA, B. C.

We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use. A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.
Dratts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.
Collections made at every point.
Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

"The pitcher that oftenest goes to the well
Is sure to get broken at last;"
But a Fibre Ware pail will do equally well,
And the chances of breaking are past.

The E. B. EDDY COMPANY'S

INDURATED FIBRE WARE,

Like their MATCHES, WOODENWARE, PAPERS ND WASHBOARDS,

Positively Cannot Be Beaten.

Victoria Agent, MES MITCHELL, 100 Government St.

MAMMOTH WORK HULL, CANADA.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000 $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,300,000.

HEAD OFFICE: . . . . . 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

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IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1yr W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

C. P. N. CO. (L.D.) STEAME

DANUBE

MEYER, MASTER,

Will leave Turner, Beeton & Co.'s Wharf

—FOR—

Port Simpson and Way Ports

ON

WEDNESDAY, March 1,

At 6 o'clock p. m.

For freight or passage apply at office of the Company, Wharf Street.

The Company reserves the right to change the above time table at any time without notice.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

fe16-td

RE-OPENING OF THE OMINECA SALOON,

Under the new Management,

On Thursday, the 23rd instant.

The place has been remodelled and refurnished throughout. Free Lunch.

M. J. CONLIN, Proprietor.

fe20-1t

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, 55 Third street Victoria

m29-tf